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利用费米数据限制矮星对宇宙线的贡献

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Red dwarfs have been suggested to be among the possible Galactic cosmic ray sources and emitting γ -rays upto the TeV regime. As an effort to search for the GeV γ -ray counterparts of the suggested TeV emission from eight red dwarfs, we analyse the 0.2-500 GeV γ -ray emission of the regions covering them exploiting the ~13.6 yr Pass 8 data of the Fermi Large Area Telescope. A GeV γ -ray emission excess with significance of 3.8 σ is detected in the direction of the red dwarf V962 Tau. This emission contains V962 Tau in 1 σ error radius and is independent of the catalog source. However, the stellar flare scenario can hardly explain the total energy and lightcurve derived from the γ -ray emission in view of the spectral analysis. We also analyse the lightcurves in the positions of the eight red dwarfs and no time bin with significance >5 σ is found. Therefore, no significant emission from the red dwarfs could be concluded to be detected by Fermi -LAT. Contribution of red dwarfs to cosmic rays is also discussed.

Collaboration (if any)

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