AugerPrime, the upgrade of the Pierre Auger Observatory: current status and data taking Parallel Session #6 "High Energy Astrophysics and Cosmic Rays"

Parallel Session #6 "High Energy Astrophysics and Cosmic Rays" TAUP 2025 – Wednesday August, 27th 2025



TAUP

19TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON TOPICS IN ASTROPARTICLE AND UNDERGROUND PHYSICS



ROSSELLA CARUSO¹ on behalf of the Pierre Auger Collaboration²

Department of Physics & Astronomy, University of Catania & INFN-CT, Catania, Italy Pierre Auger Observatory, Avenida San Martin Norte 304, 5613 Malargue, Argentina



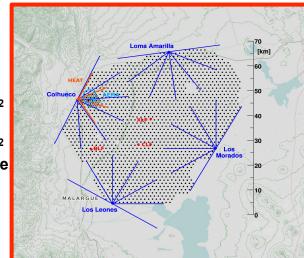
The Pierre Auger Observatory (http://www.auger.org)

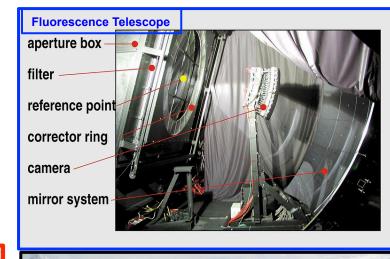
slide 1/18

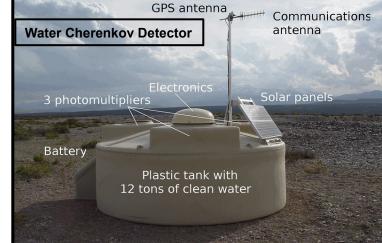


MAIN DETECTORS:

- FD (Fluorescence Detector):
 - 24 fluorescence telescopes (6/ site), (2÷30)° F.o.V in elevation,;
 - 3 fluorescence telescopes in Coihueco site, (30÷60)° F.o.V
- SD (Surface Detector): 1660 water-Cherenkov detectors (WCDs):
 - 1.5 km spacing (SD-1500)
 - 20 km², 750 m spacing (SD-750)
 - 3 km², 433 m spacing (SD-433)



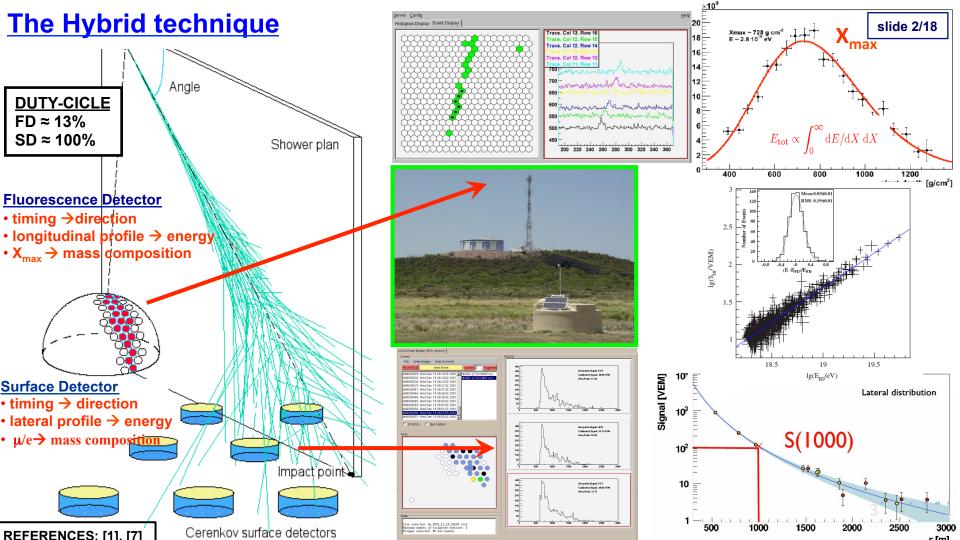




Area ≈ 3000 km²

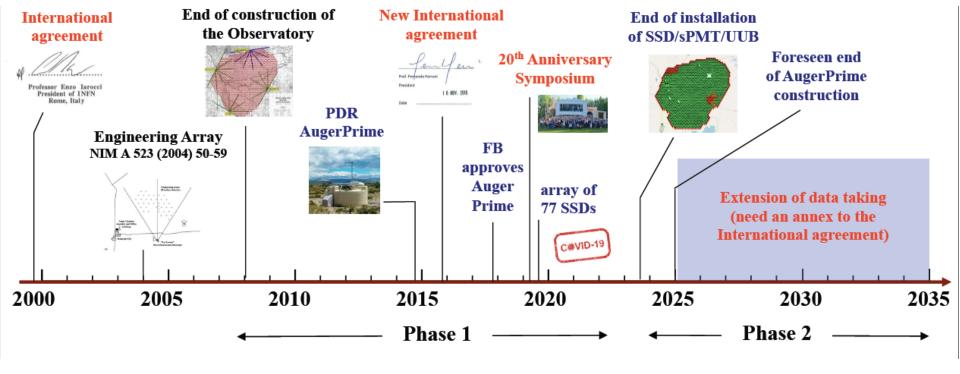
- 35.2° S lat, 69.5°W long
- ~1400 m a.s.l., <X> = 875 g/cm²
- exposure > 10⁵ km² sr yr
- low population density:0.1/ km²
- special climate (dry atmosphere clear sky, low light pollution)

REFERENCES: [1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6]

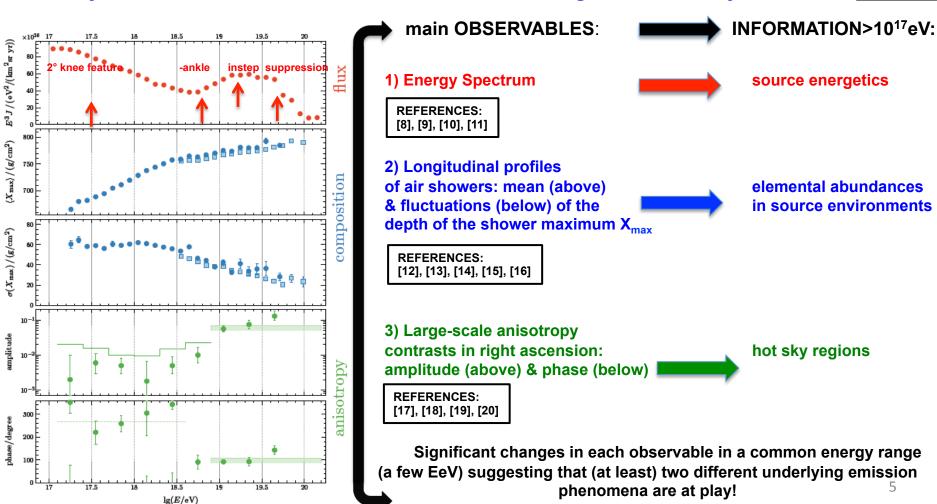


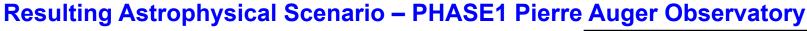
The Times's Arrow of the Pierre Auger Observatory

slide 3/18

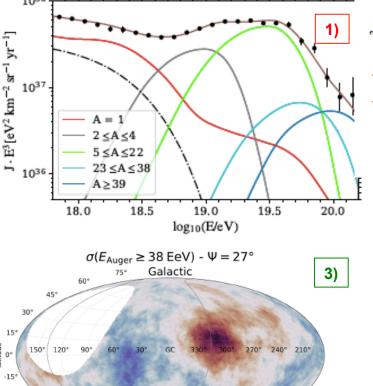


- Engeneering Phase (1999-2002) = installation of 27 water-Cherenkov detectors + 1 fluorescence telescope (1999-2002);
- Preliminary Phase (2002-2004)= first stage of the Observatory under construction (2002-2004);
- Phase I (2004-2021) = data taking period prior the Upgrade (AugerPrime) of the Observatory (A≈ 1.2x10⁵ km² sr yr = 15.6 years);
 - Commissioning Phase(2022-2023) = ongoing commissioning phase of the upgraded detectors;
 - Phase II (2024-2035) = data taking period with the Upgrade of the Observatory (AugerPrime)

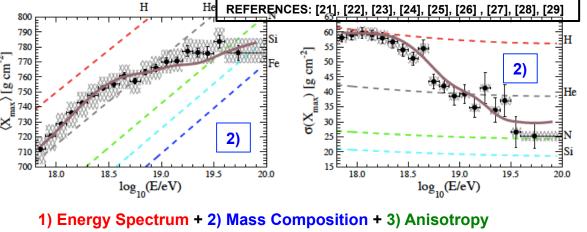








Li & Ma significance $[\sigma]$



New Paradigma of the UHECRs scenario (not pure-proton)!

- at Earth, the steepening above $= 5 \times 10^{19}$ eV reflects the combined effects of the maximum energy (E_{max}) acceleration of the heaviest nuclei at the sources and the GZK effect:
- several nuclear components contribute to the total intensity > the ankle energy:
- several nuclear components contribute to the total intensity > the ankle energy
 abundance of nuclear elements at the sources is dominated by intermediate
- some evidence of anisotropies >≅ 3.8x10¹9eV that mirror the inhomogeneous

-mass (He-Si) nuclei accelerated to $E_{max} = 5 \text{ EeV Z}$;

distribution of nearby extra-galactic matter;
the signal strength of correlation is < 10-15% in the case of Starburst Galaxies.

OPEN QUESTIONS:

- What is the nature and the origin of the UHECRs?
- What is the origin of the observed flux suppression?
- Do UHE neutrinos and photons exist?
- What is the origin of the "muon puzzle"? Are there unexpected features of hadronic interactions at the highest energies?
- Is physics Beyond Standard Model (BSM) hiding at the energy frontier?

The AUGERPRIME makings in Phase 2:

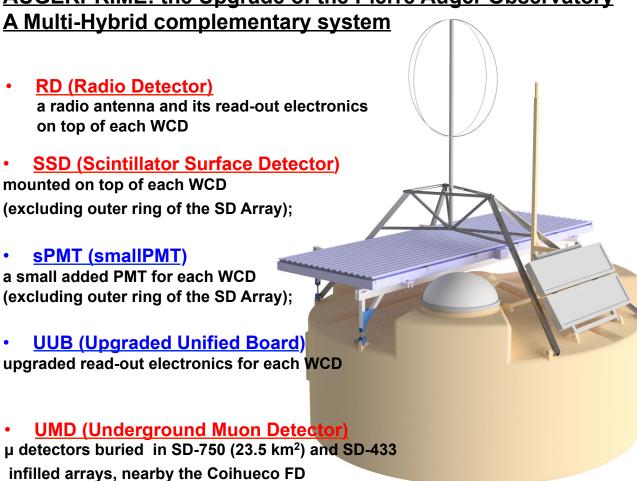
Composition sensitive information, on event-by-event basis, plus overall data-quality improvement

- perform power data analysis based on new, multihybrid measurements;
- improve our understanding of already data taken;
- increase statistical sensitivity on ongoing searches;
- constrain production on UHE photons and neutrinos
- train, verify, apply modern Machine Learning techniques

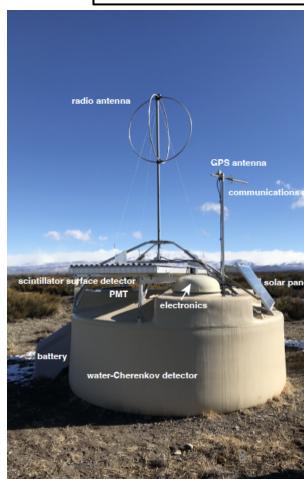
<u>Ultimate goals:</u> discovery of UHECRs'sources & study of Particle Physics at energies beyond the human-made accelerators. <u>The AugerPrime is the only UHECR detector that allow us this before at least 2035!</u>

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AUGERPRIME: the Upgrade of the Pierre Auger Observatory

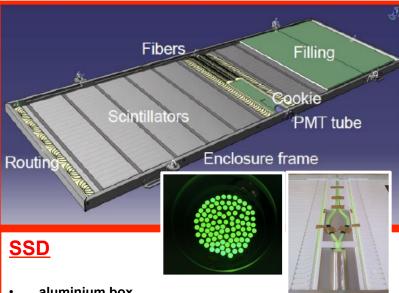


REFERENCES: [30], [31], [32], [33]



The AUGERPRIME Detector & components: SSD + sPMT + UUB

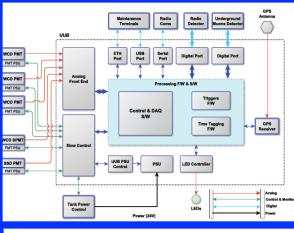
REFERENCES: [34], [35], [36], [37], [38]



- aluminium box
- 2 plastic scintillators panels $A \approx 2 \text{ m}^2 = (3.8 \text{x} 1.3 \text{x} 0.1) \text{ m}^3$ 24 scintillator bars (1.6x0.05x0.01)m3 STYRON PS,
- doped 1% PPO + 10% POPOP, produced @FNAL, coextruded with TiO₂ reflective layers;
- 2 WLS fibers (Kuraray) in U configuration, forming 96 (2x48) fiber ends:
- "cookie": PMMA cylinder for optical coupling with PMT;
- 1 PMT (bi-alkaly HAMAMATSU R9420, d=1.5') in an aluminium tube:
- HV base (by ISEG);

modules assembled and tested in 6 different Auger sites





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sPMT

- PMT (HAMAMATSU R8619, d=1.0'):
 - 30 mm window in the Tyvek liner bag containing ultra-pure H₂0;
 - PVC flange (≈ 40 cm) around window:
- passive base external custom-made power supply (HVPS) A7510B CAEN)

sPMTs tested in a dedicate facility;

UUB

- Single board (340x215) mm³ by A4F (SITAEL);
- Xilinx Zynq-7020 All Programmable SoC FPGA: 7° order-Bessel low-pass filter (60 MHz
- cut-off frequency); commercial digitizers 12 bit, 120 MHz dual
- channel FADC (AD9628); 16 bit RISC CPU micro-controller
- (MSP430); Synergy SSR-6TF (5 ns) timing GPS receiver:

UUBs tested (ESS) in Auger Laboratory + tested on Pierre Auger Observatory;



The AUGERPRIME detectors: RD + UMD

REFERENCES: [39], [40], [41], [42], [43], [44]

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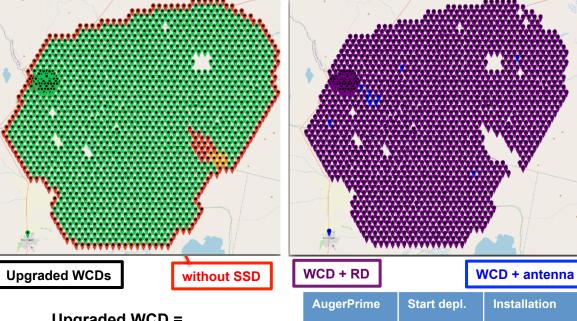
RD

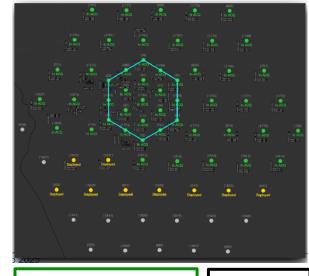
- 1 Short Aperiodic Loaded Loop Antenna (SALLA), revised and improved design of the developed antenna for the AERA enhancement;
- diameter of 122 cm i.e. (30-80) MHz frequency region
- 2 aluminum rings, forming a dual-polarized antenna: one aligned parallel to the orientation of the Earth's magnetic field, the other one perpendicular to it;
- a fiberglass mask;
- a pre-amplifier at the top and a load resistor (392 Ω) at the bottom of antenna;
- 2 coaxial cables to connect pre-amplifier with electronics inside WCD;
- read-out of 2 channels by means a 12 bit 250 MHz FADC;
- a FPGA coordinates data exchange with the UUB

UMD

- 3 scintillator modules (produced @FNAL), each with detection Area ≈ 10 m², buried at 2.3 m depth (540 g/cm²) at a 7 m distance from WCD;
- segmented in 64 plastic-scintillation strips, each (400 x 1 x 4) cm³;
- embedded WLS optical fibers;
- array of 64 SiPMs (HAMAMATSU S13361-2050, 1584 micro-cells);
- PVC water-tight casing with a PVC inspection tube for installation & maintenance
- indipendent power-supply via photo-voltaic panels;
- indipendent telecommunication system for WCD-UUB-UMD in SD-750 infill;
- operation in slave-mode, receiving trigger signal by the corresponding WCD;
- operation in binary-mode, 320 MHz read-out, i.e. digital "1" when signal over threshold.







Upgraded WCD =
. •
WCD + SSD + sPMT + UUB
concluded in June 2023!

2025!

RD

UMD

WCD + RD	V	VCD + antenna		
AugerPrime	Start depl.	Installation		
UUB	during 2020	1939		

1605

41/61 (SD750)

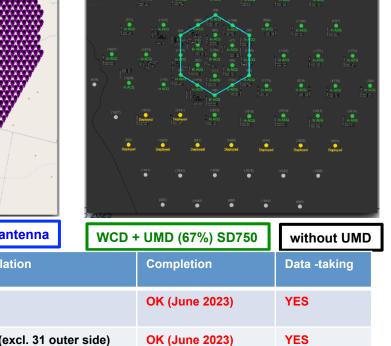
100% (SD433)

WCD + UMD (67%) SD750 without UMD

VCD + RD		WCD + antenna WC
AugerPrime	Start depl.	Installation
UUB	during 2020	1939
sPMT	during 2020	1480 (excl. 31 outer side)
SSD	end 2018	1478 (excl. 31 outer side)

Aug 2023

2019



YES

YES

YES

(partially)

OK (end 2021)

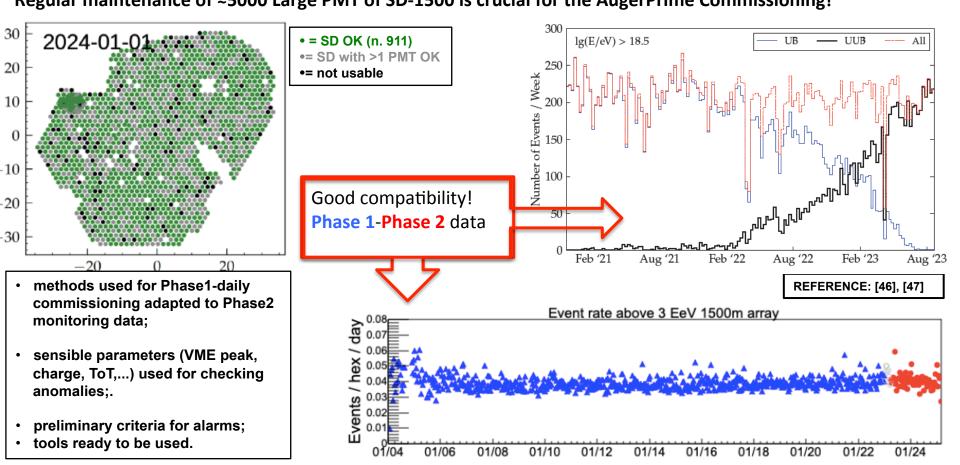
OK (end 2024)

expected end 2025

The total deployment will be completed at the end of

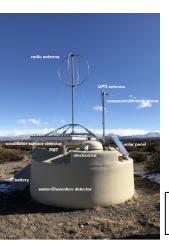
Commissioning i.e. "bringing (something newly produced) into work conditions"

Regular maintenance of ≈5000 Large PMT of SD-1500 is crucial for the AugerPrime Commissioning!

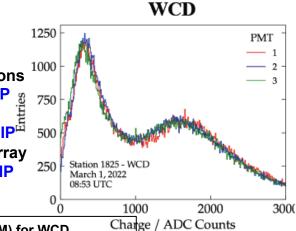


SSD

calibration every minute using atmospheric µ's



- stability - day/night fluctuations 3% in VEM 15% in MIP seasonal modulation 3% in VEM 4-5% in MIP[□]
- uniformity across the Array 13% in VEM, 6% in MIP



sPMT (1-inch) 1 p.e./µ LPMT (9-inch) 9 p.e./µ

- Vertical Equivalent Muon (VEM) for WCD
- Minimum Ionizing Particle (MIP) ≈ 30 phe for SSD

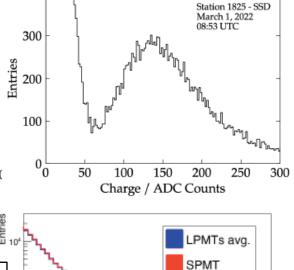
sPMT

calibration against LPTM using local small showers (≈200/hour)

 $S_{SPMT}[VEM] = \beta Q_{SPMT}[FADC counts]$

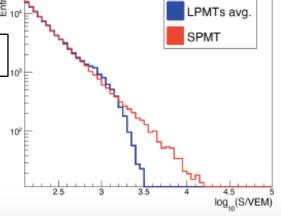


- precision in β: 2.2%
- seasonal modulation in β : (8-10)%
- stability day/night fluctuations: 5%
- uniformity across the Array: 10%



SSD

400



AUGERPRIME Monitoring WCD+SSD+sPMT

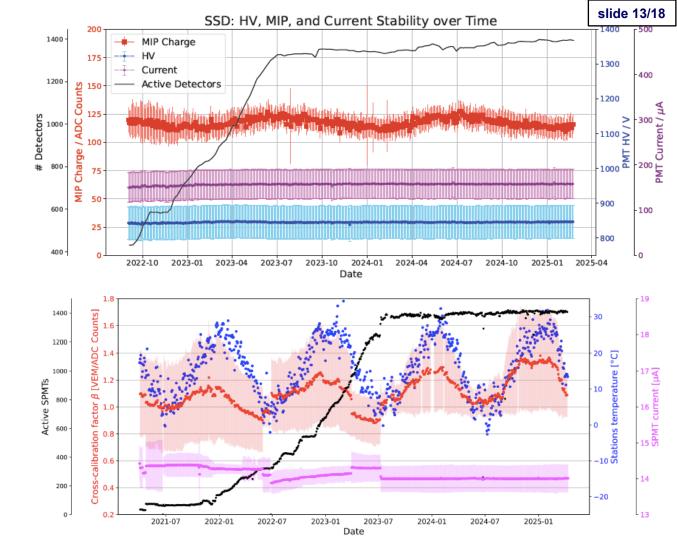


• SSD

REFERENCE: [46]

• <u>sPMT</u>





AUGERPRIME Monitoring RD & UMD

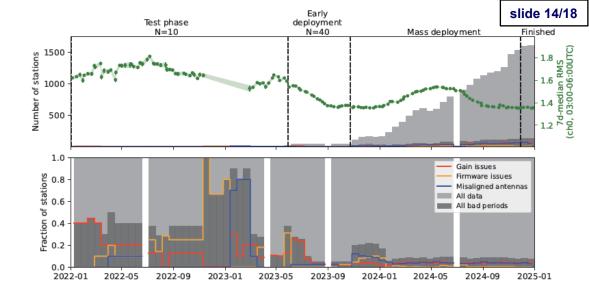


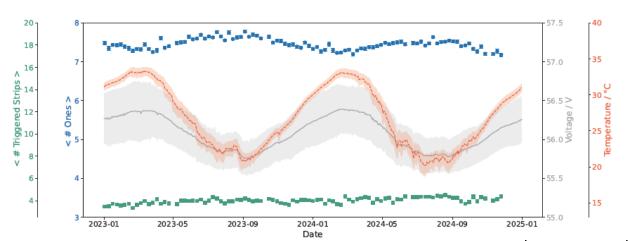
• <u>RD</u>

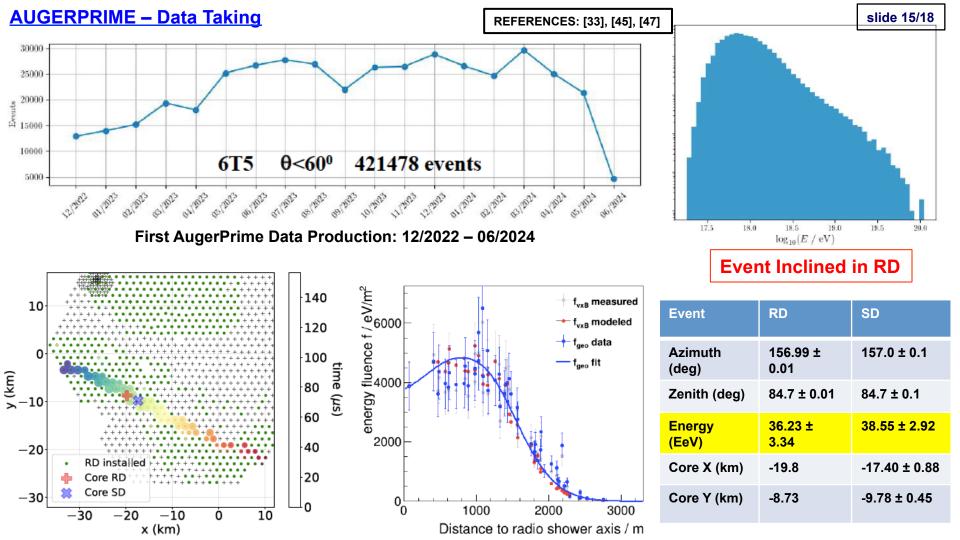
REFERENCE: [46]

• UMD

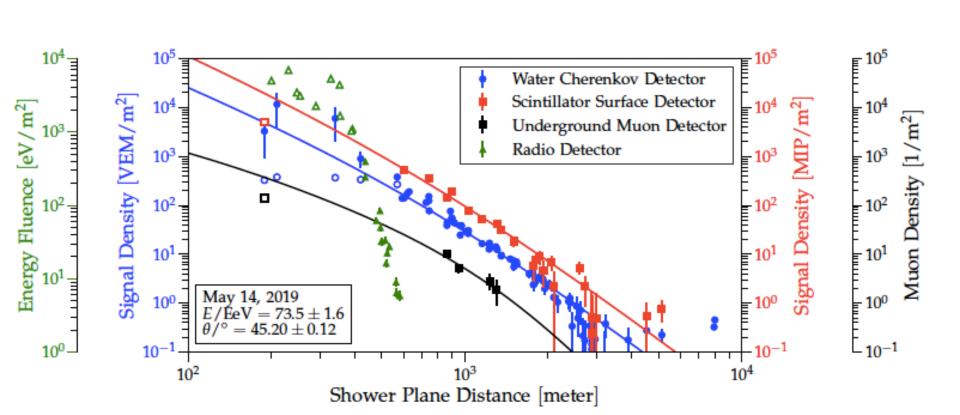








A well-reconstructed multi-hybrid event!



AUGERPRIME – Benefits

WCD+SSD

WCD+RD

HORIZONTAL (60-90°)

slide 17/18

RD

3000

310

23

≈3

4400

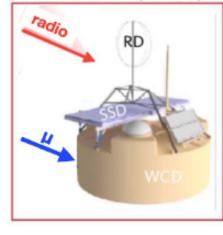
Composition sensitive information, on event-by-event basis

Mass composition (& hadronic interaction)

Measurements of e/m and μ components in air shower:

- 2π coverage with WCD + SSD/RD;
- direct measurements of μ's at low energies (≈ 1 GeV) with UMD.

VERTICAL (0-60°)



Overall data-quality improvement

Better performances

- increased dynamic range (>20000 VME) with sP
- increased sampling rate (120 MHz) with UUB
- **Increasing of statistics**
- extention of data taking over 10 years

•	SSD	WCD	
⊼ ⊢ 0 years odata-taking (2035)	Lg(E/eV)	SD-433	SD-73
cing	16.8	118000	
a-tał	17.5	3700	81000
MT 5	18.0	270	5600
ears	18.5	24	460
Š O	19.0	5	88

19.5

19.8

20.0

		4	WCD			
133	SD-735	SD-1500	FD-Hybr.	FD-Cher.		
000				48000		

106000

13400

1000

100

12

13000

3000

650

50

≈5

≈1

AUGERPRIME - Perspectives slide 18/18 **REFERENCES: [33]** Merit Factor MF: difference Mixture of 5% p - 95% Fe in units of std-dev **A) MASS COMPOSITION** $\log_{10}(E_{SD} / eV)$ 1100 1100 WCD + SSDWCD WCD+SSD (UUB) **♦** WCD (UB) AugerPrime 2030 number of protons (10% bkg) 10 10 AugerPrime 2035 1000 1000 $X_{max}^{rec}/g \, cm^{-2}$ 1.8 900 900 a 1.6 800 800 Fe 700 700 1.2 600 600 -0.50.5 1.0 1.0 100 160 E_{tresh.} / EeV E_{SD} (EeV) muon number (Rµ) sensitivity to the primary mass better sensitivity to Rµ combining WCD + SSD Exposure (103 km2 sr yr) Exposure (103 km2 sr yr) better sensitivity to primary mass reconstructing $R\mu$, X_{max} and E**B) ANISOTROPY** 50 post-trial 5σ discovery expected in the next few years

searches done selecting lighter primaries will boost the significance

C) MULTI-MESSENGER ASTRONOMY

- Photon limit will benefit from the increased exposure and the better photon-hadron discrimination
- AugerPrime sensitivity to UHE photons and neutrinos will be improved!

<u>AugerPrime,the upgrade of the Pierre Auger Observatory:</u> <u>current status and data taking</u>

Parallel Session #6 "High Energy Astrophysics and Cosmic Rays" TAUP 2025 – Wednesday August, 27th 2025

ROSSELLA CARUSO¹ on behalf of the Pierre Auger Collaboration²

Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia, Università di Catania & INFN-CT, Catania, Italy Observatorio Pierre Auger, Av.San Martìn Norte 304, 5613 Malargue, Argentina



TAUP 2025



19TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON TOPICS IN ASTROPARTICLE AND UNDERGROUND PHYSICS

THANK YOU very much for your kind attention!

For more details, plase, see also *Talks at this Conference* presented on behalf of the Pierre Auger Collaboration:

- Eva dos Santos: "Probing hadronic interactions at the 100 TeV scake with the Pierre Auger Observatory" CR#1 August 25th 2025:
- Piera Lusa Ghia: "25 Years of the Pierre Auger Observatory: a constantly evolving instrument yielding a rich and varied harvest" CR#2 August 25th 2025;
- Teresa Bister: "Astrophysical interpretation of ultrahigh-energy cosmic ray meausurements at the Pierre Auger Observatory" CR#2 August 25th 2025;
- Fiona Ellwanger: "Probing the flux of Ultra-High-Energy neutral particles at the Pierre Auger Observatory" CR#1 August 25th 2025

Lastly, a big thanksgiving to all the fantastic guys of the TAUP2025 LOC (in particular, CHANG CAI) for helping me successfully in recovering my laptop and allowing me to present this Talk !!!!

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