

Probing the Flux of Ultra-High-Energy Neutral Particles at the Pierre Auger Observatory



Fiona Ellwanger for the Pierre Auger Collaboration – (spokespersons@auger.org)



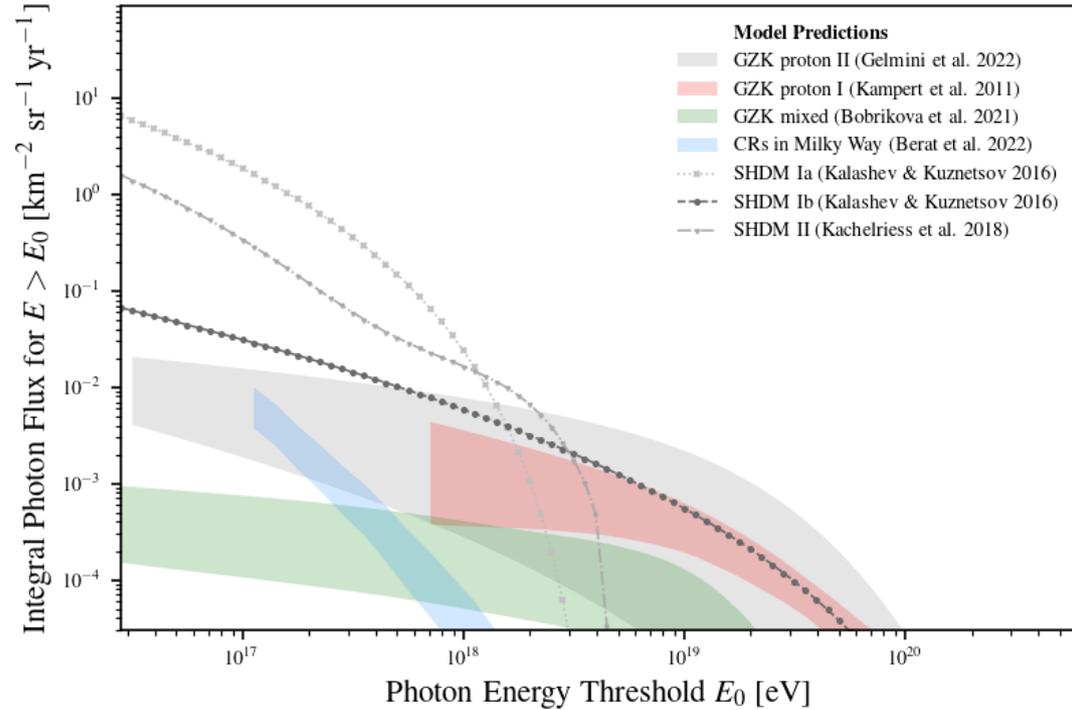
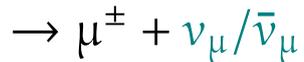
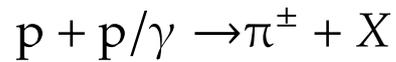
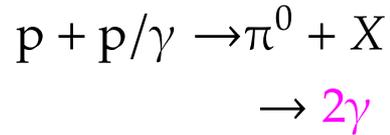
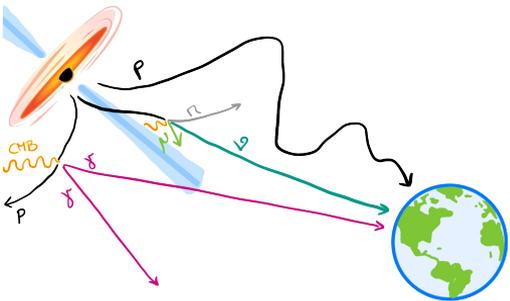
PIERRE
AUGER
OBSERVATORY

Production of Ultra-High Energy Photons/Neutrinos

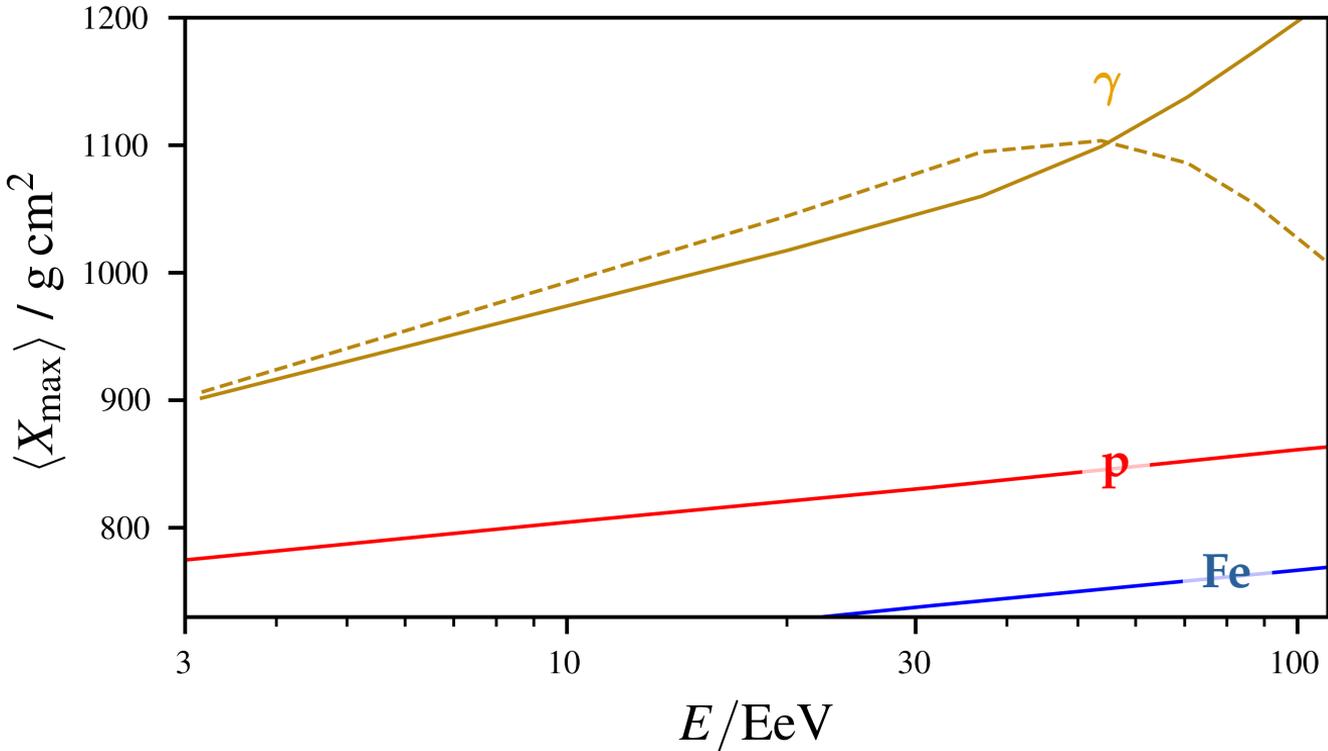
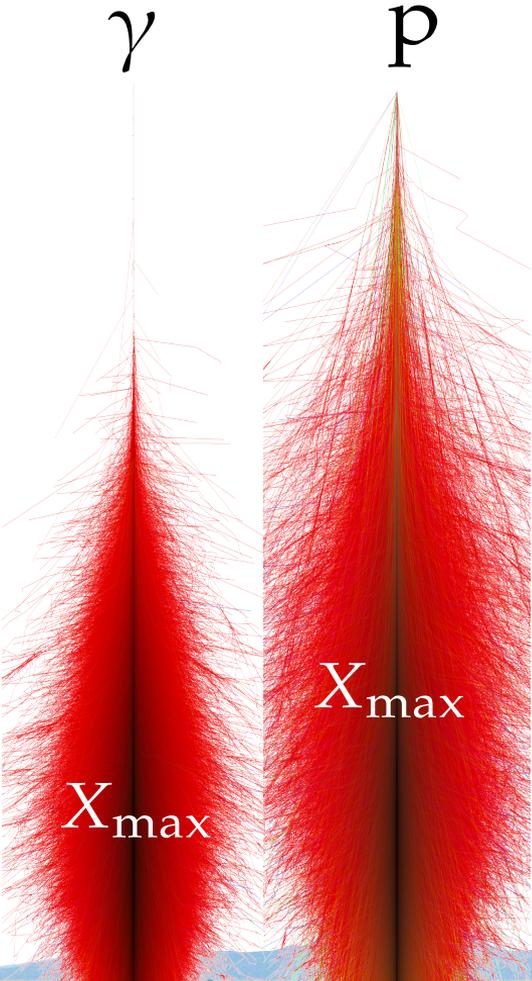
→ *Astrophysical*: sources of cosmic rays also produce γ and ν

→ *Cosmogenic*:

- interaction with CMB (GZK)
- interaction with matter (e.g. in galactic disk)
- decay of super-heavy dark matter



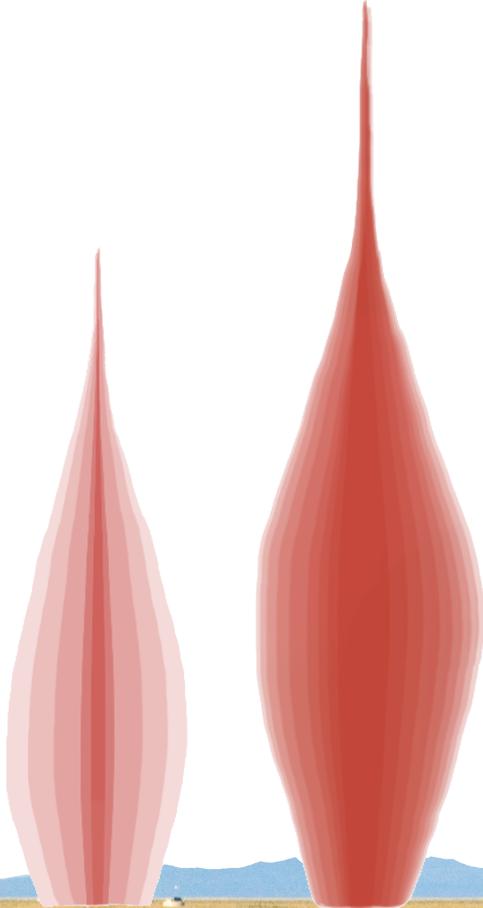
Photon induced air showers



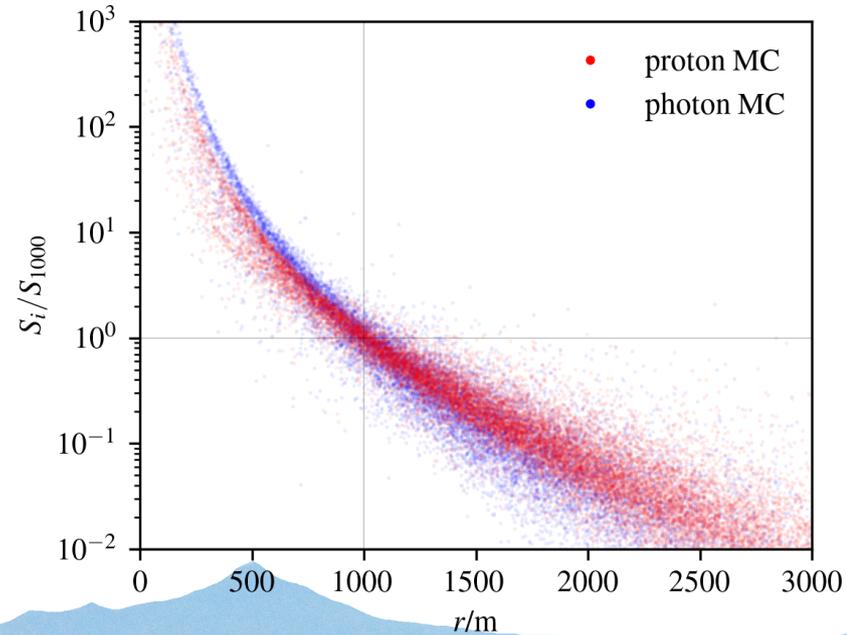
Photon induced air showers

γ

p



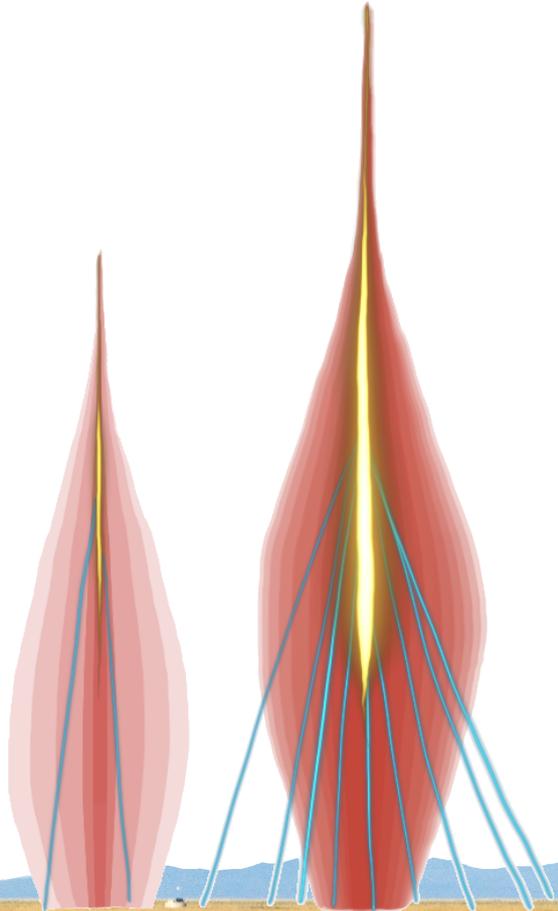
- deeper maximum of the shower X_{\max}
- steeper lateral distribution of particles



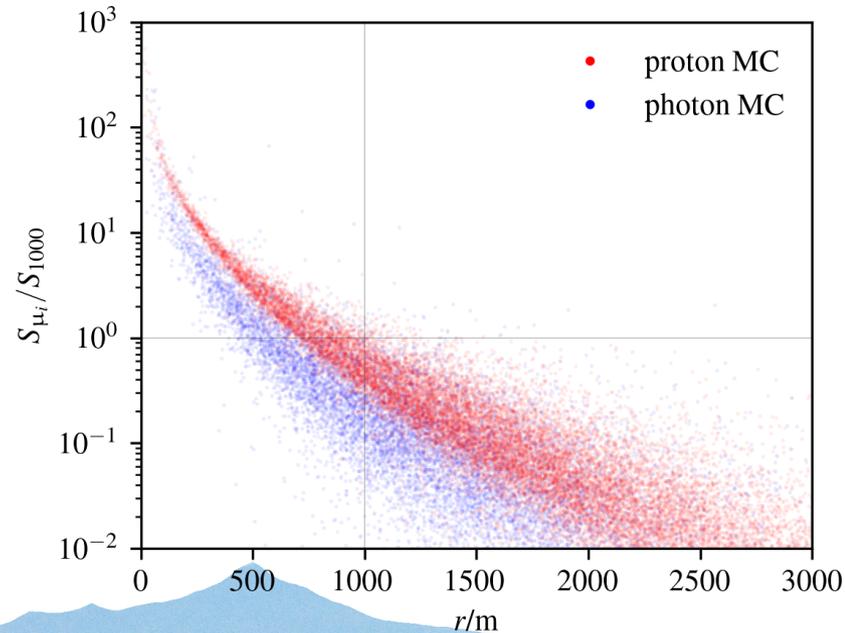
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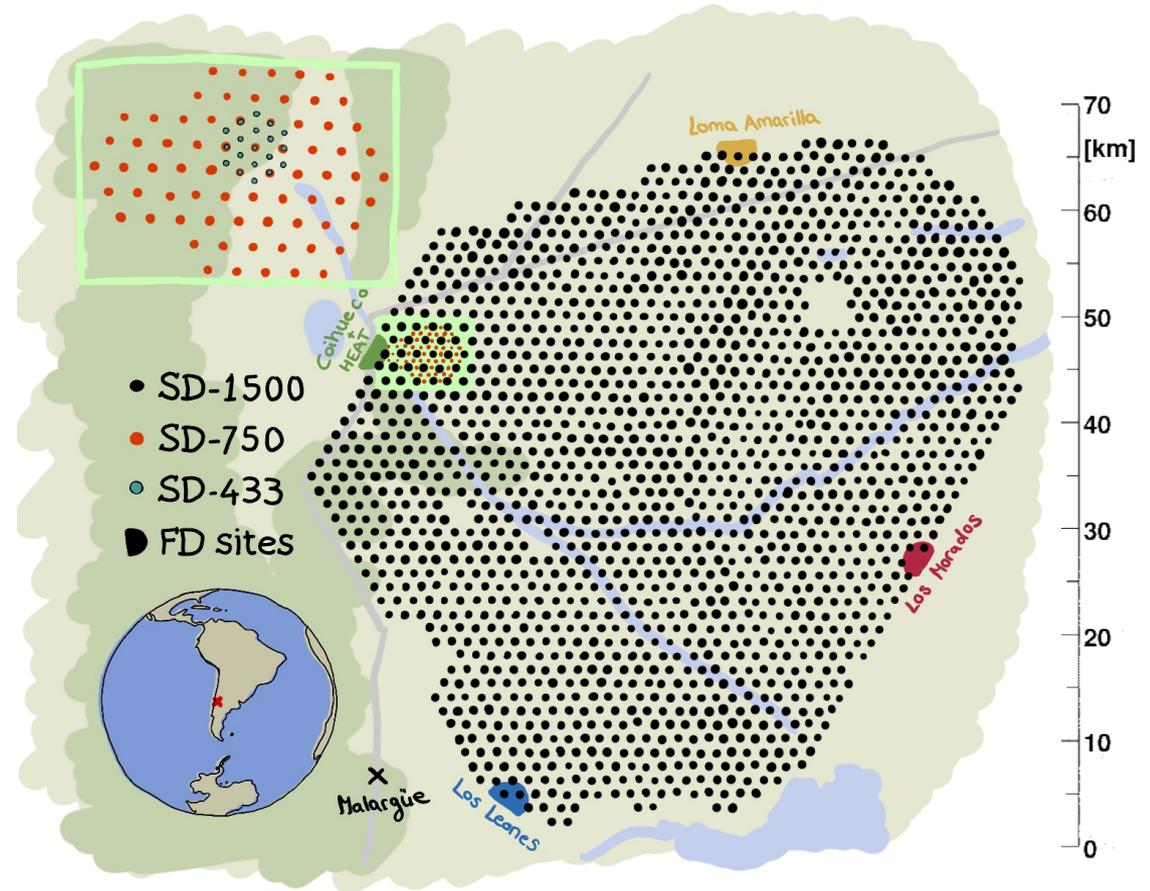


- deeper maximum of the shower X_{\max}
- steeper lateral distribution of particles
- reduced hadronic component
- suppressed muonic component



The Pierre Auger Observatory

- 1400m altitude
- 3000 km²
- Designed to detect secondary particles of extensive air showers
- Hybrid detector layout
 - Fluorescence Detector
 - Surface Detector



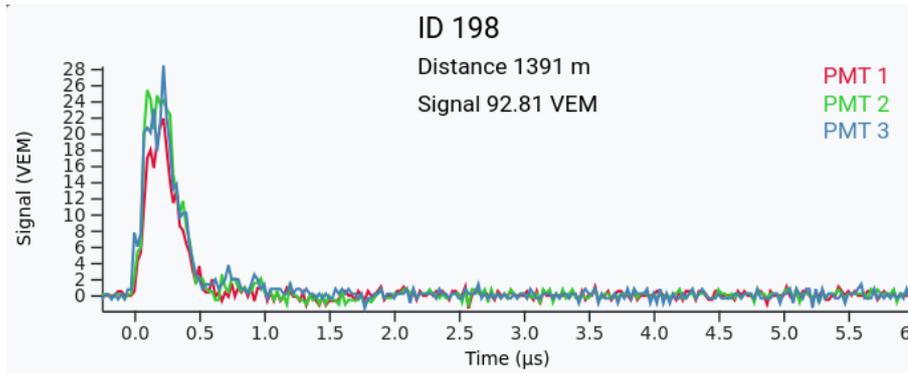
The Surface Detector (SD)

- >1600 water-Cherenkov detector stations
- triangular grid
- 3 arrays with different densities
 - 1500 m spacing
 - 750 m spacing
 - 433 m spacing
- 100% duty-cycle
- Calibrated with atmospheric muons



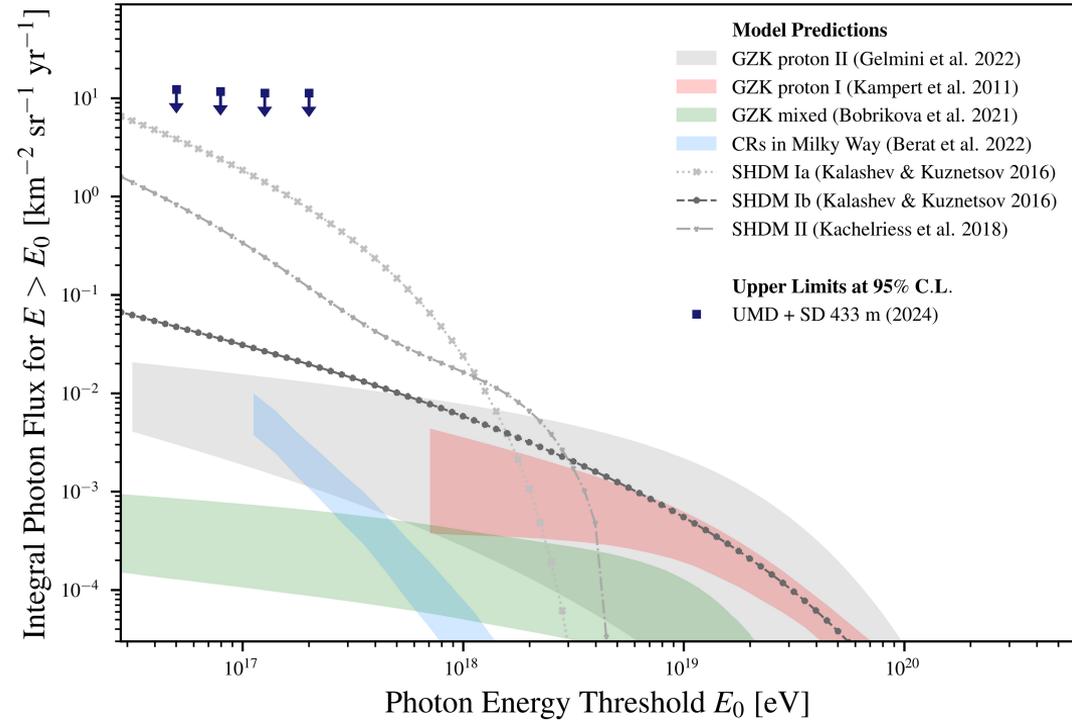
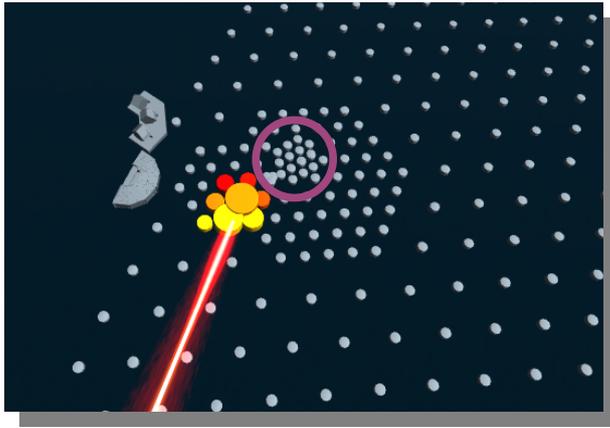
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Diffuse flux of photons with energies above tens of PeV

→ Estimate on muon density, ρ_μ , from underground muon detectors (UMD)



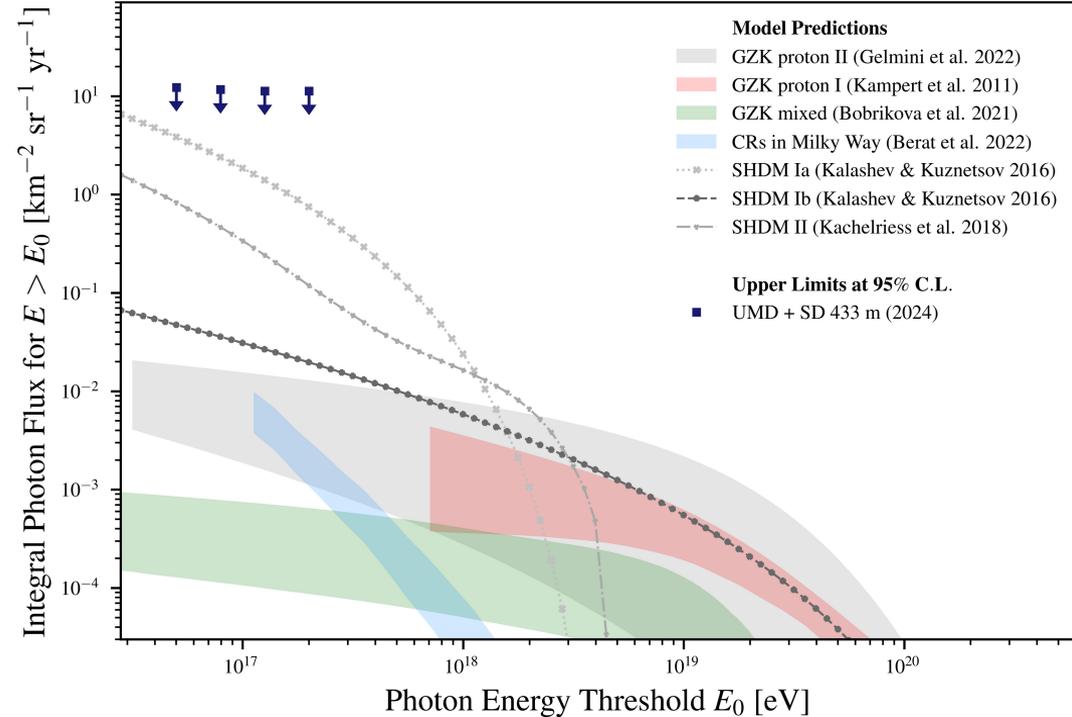
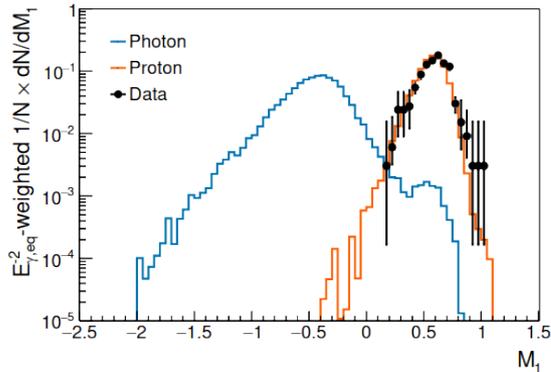
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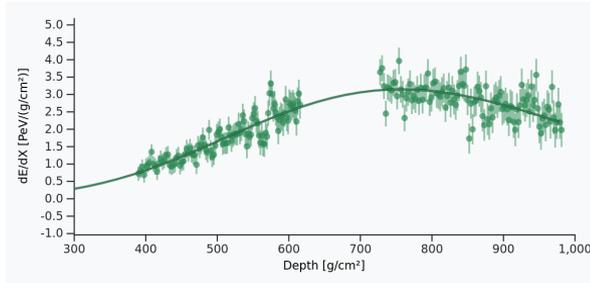
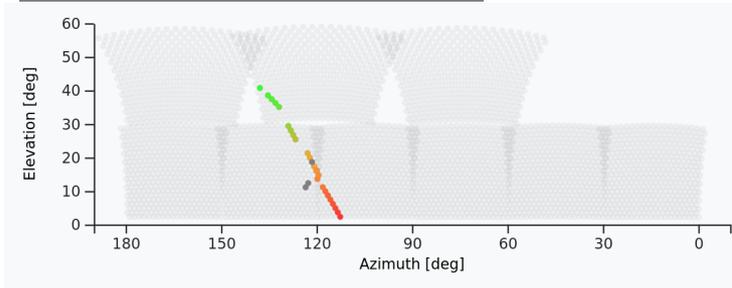
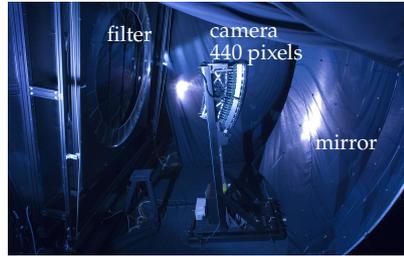
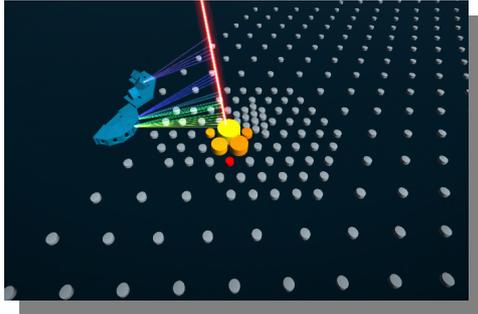
→ No candidate γ found



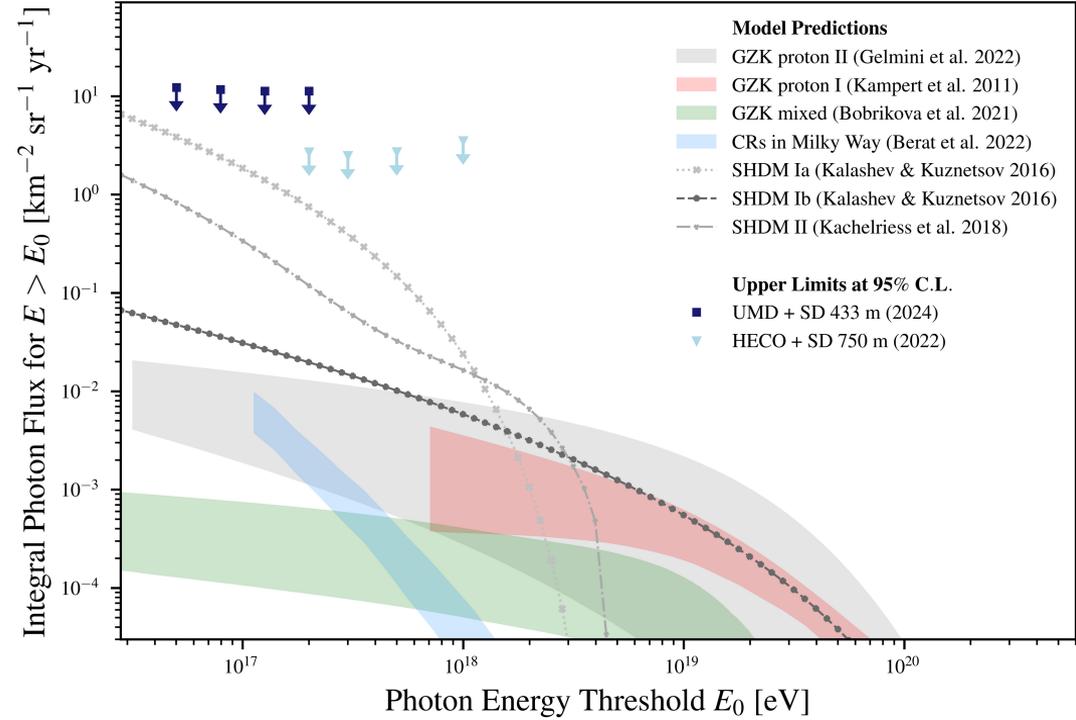
$$M_1 = \lg \left(\sum_i^{\text{stations}} \frac{\rho_\mu(r_i)}{\rho_\mu^{\text{proton}}(r_{\text{ref}})} \left(\frac{r_i}{r_{\text{ref}}} \right) \right)$$



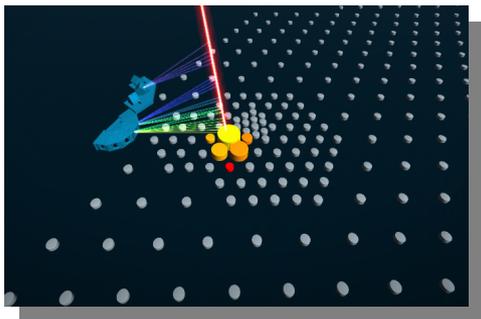
→ hybrid data from the low-energy extensions



→ X_{\max}



→ hybrid data from the low-energy extensions



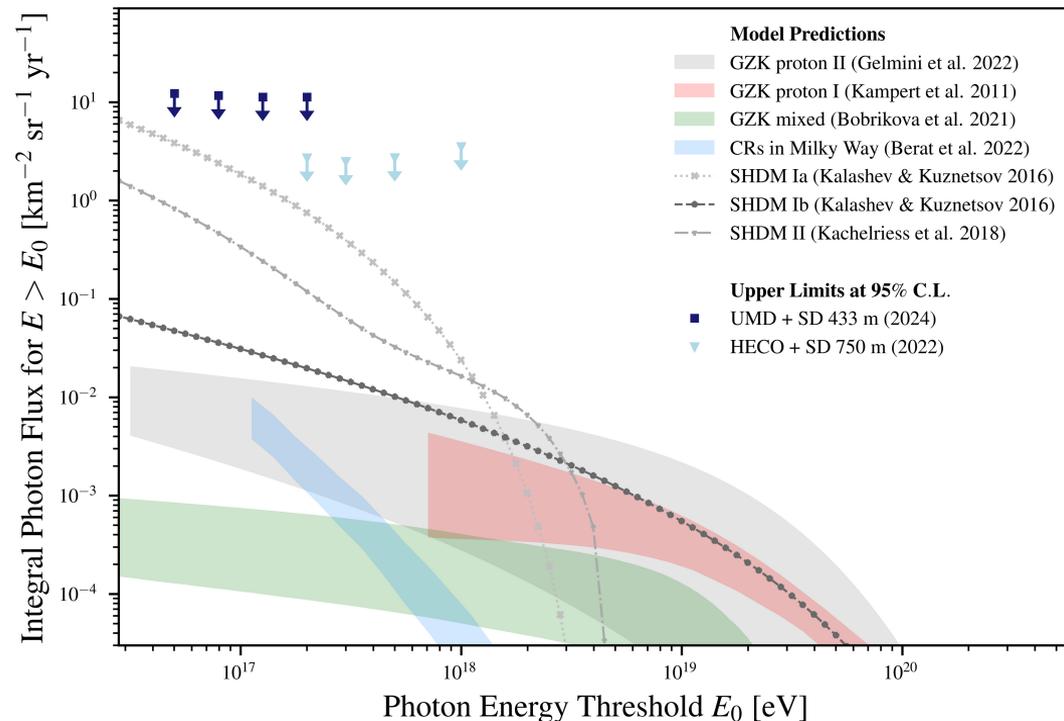
→ BDT analysis

- X_{\max} from FD
- Steepness of the LDF

$$S_4 = \sum_i^{\text{stations}} S_i \left(\frac{r_i}{1000 \text{ m}} \right)^4$$

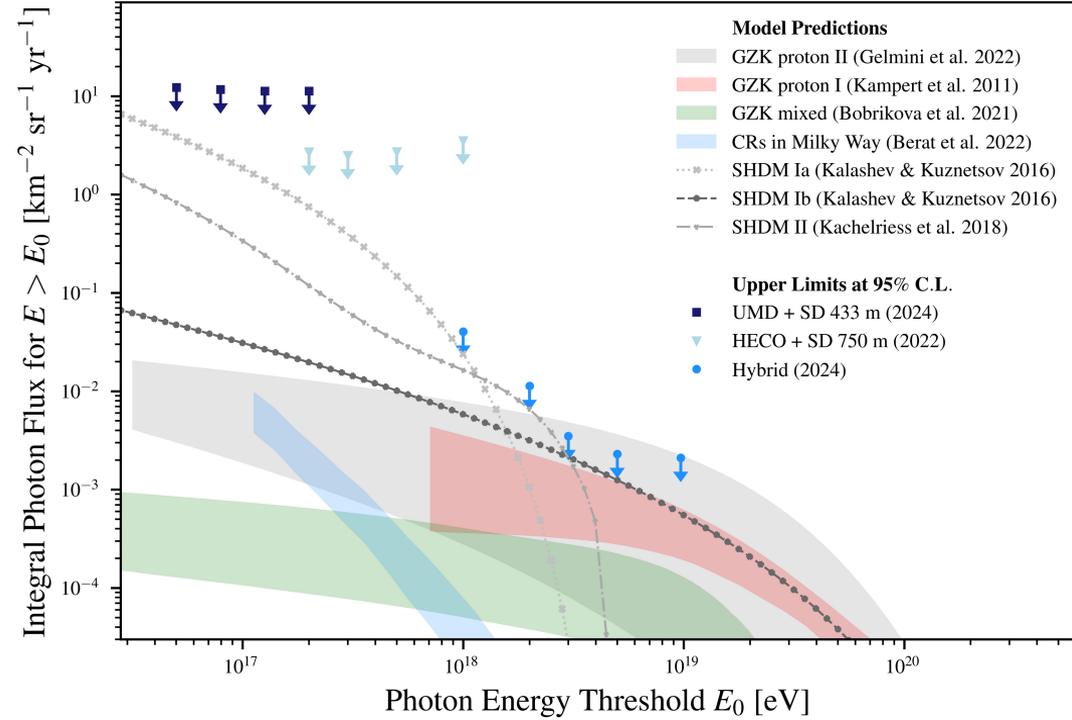
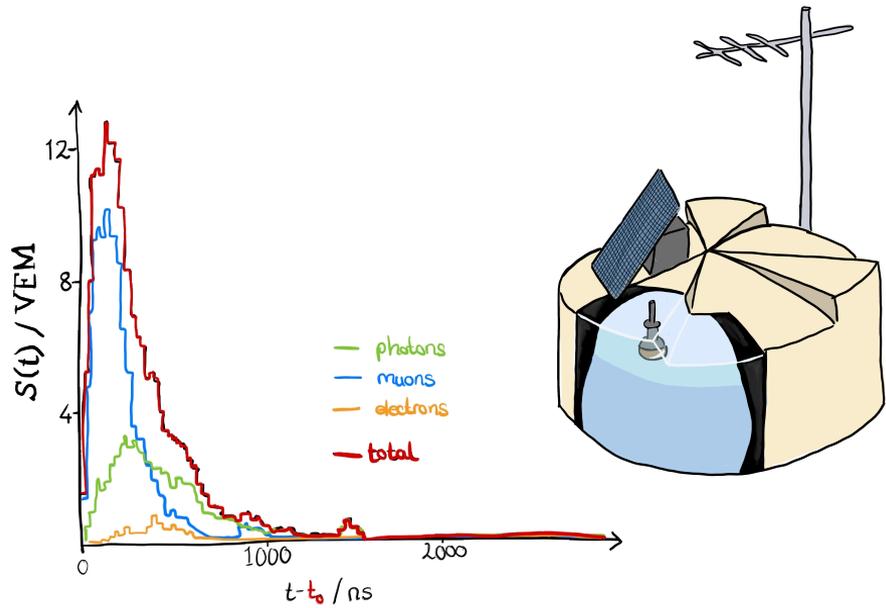
- Number of stations, N_{stations}

→ No γ candidates found



Diffuse flux of photons with energies above tens of 10^{18} eV

- Hybrid data
- Fluorescence detector → $E, \mathbf{X}_{\max}, (\theta, \phi)$
- At least one SD station
 - shower universality model → F_{μ}

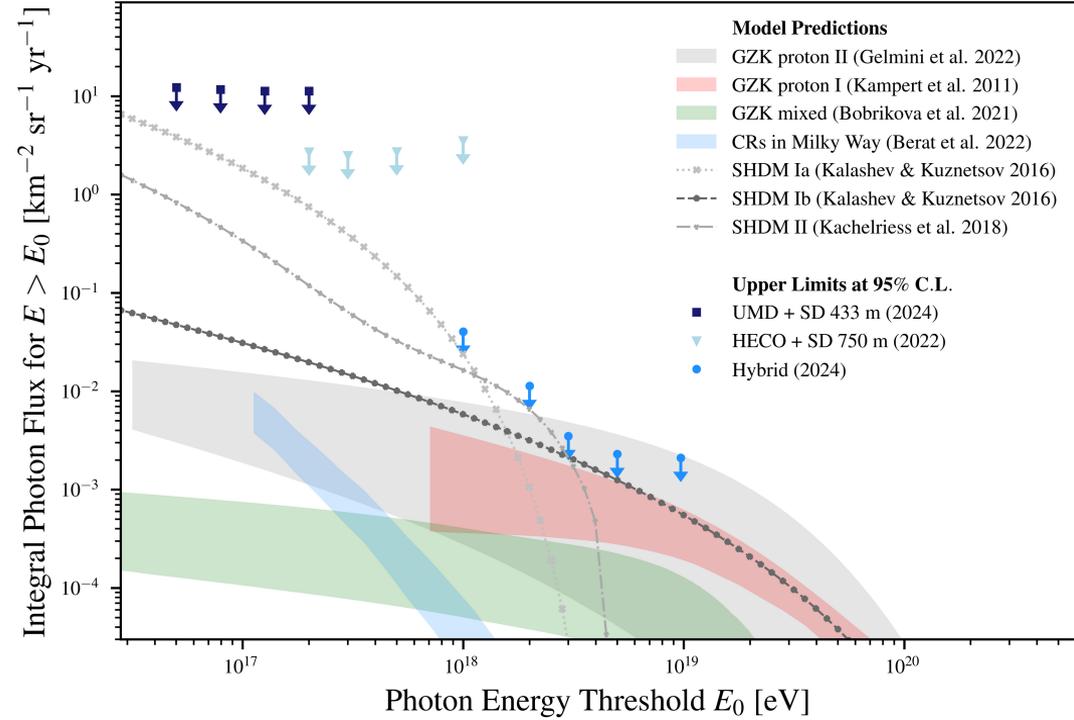
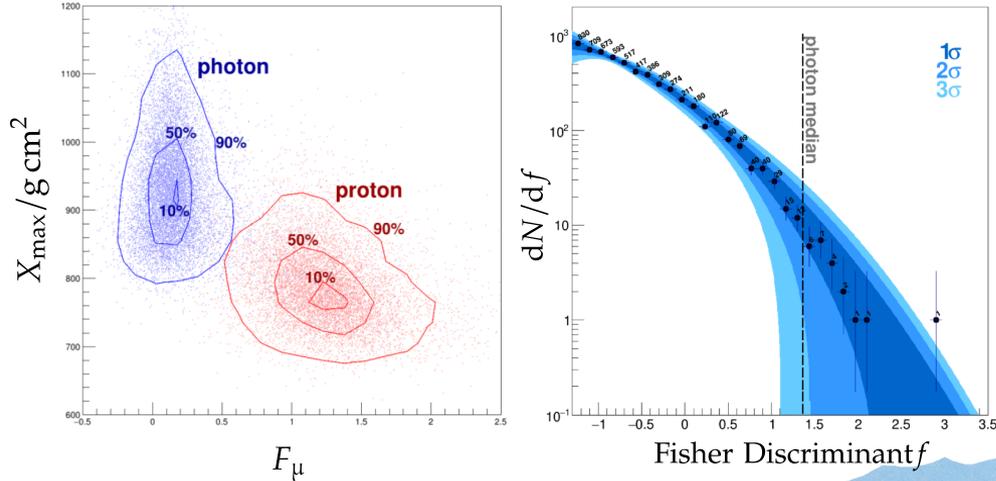


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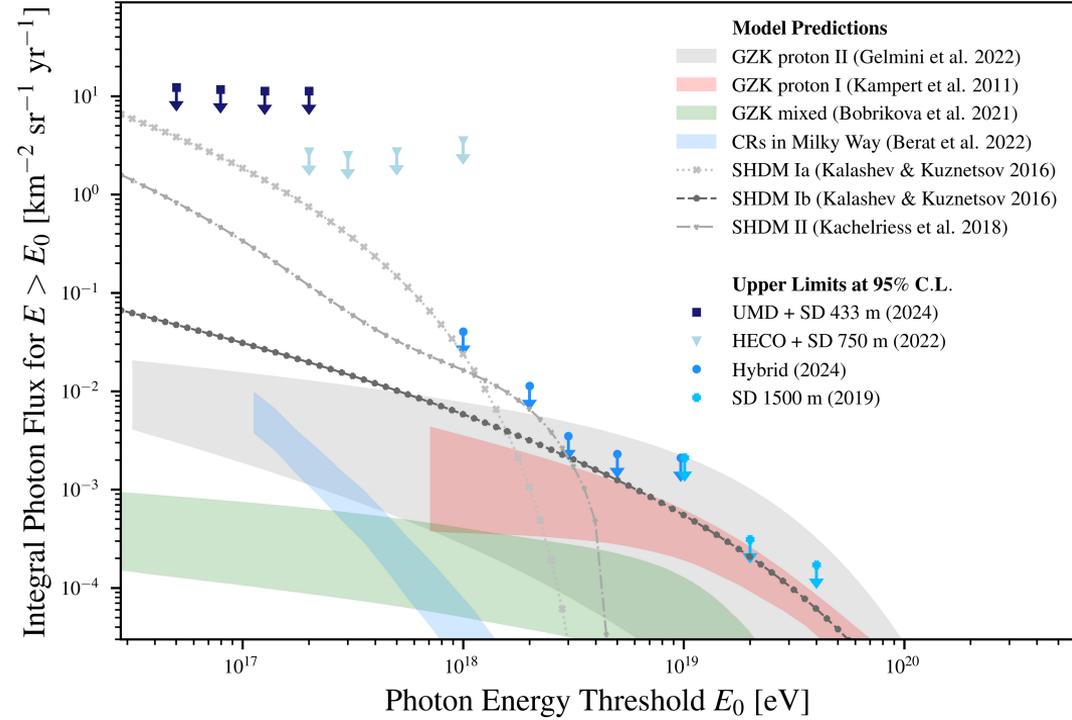
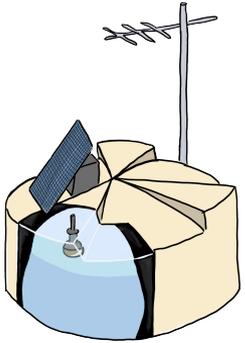
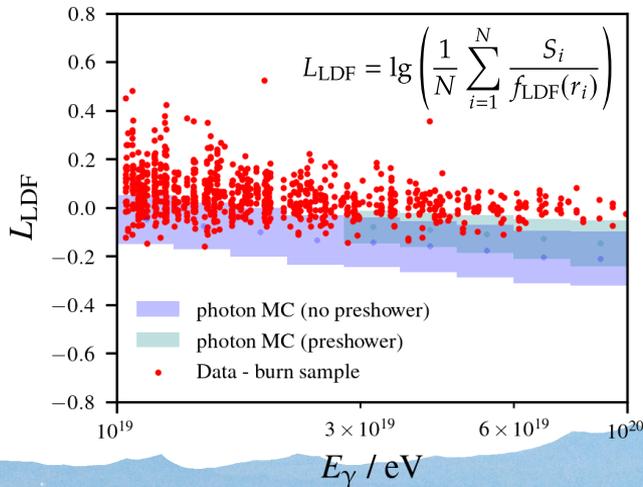
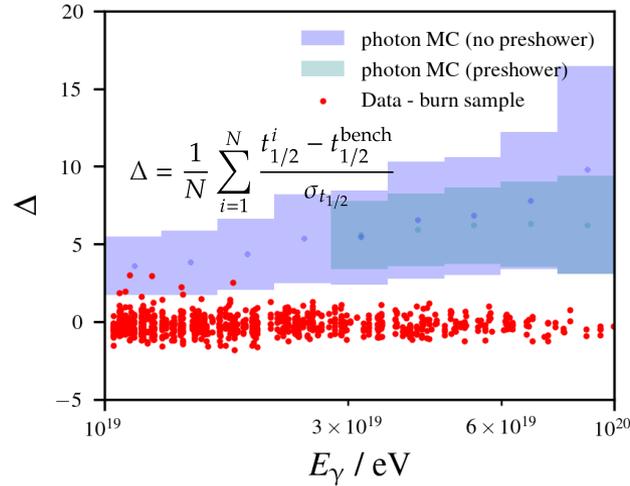
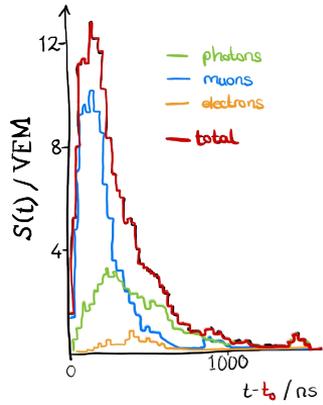
→ shower universality model → F_{μ}

$$F_{\mu} = \frac{S_{\mu}}{S_{\mu}(\text{proton})}$$

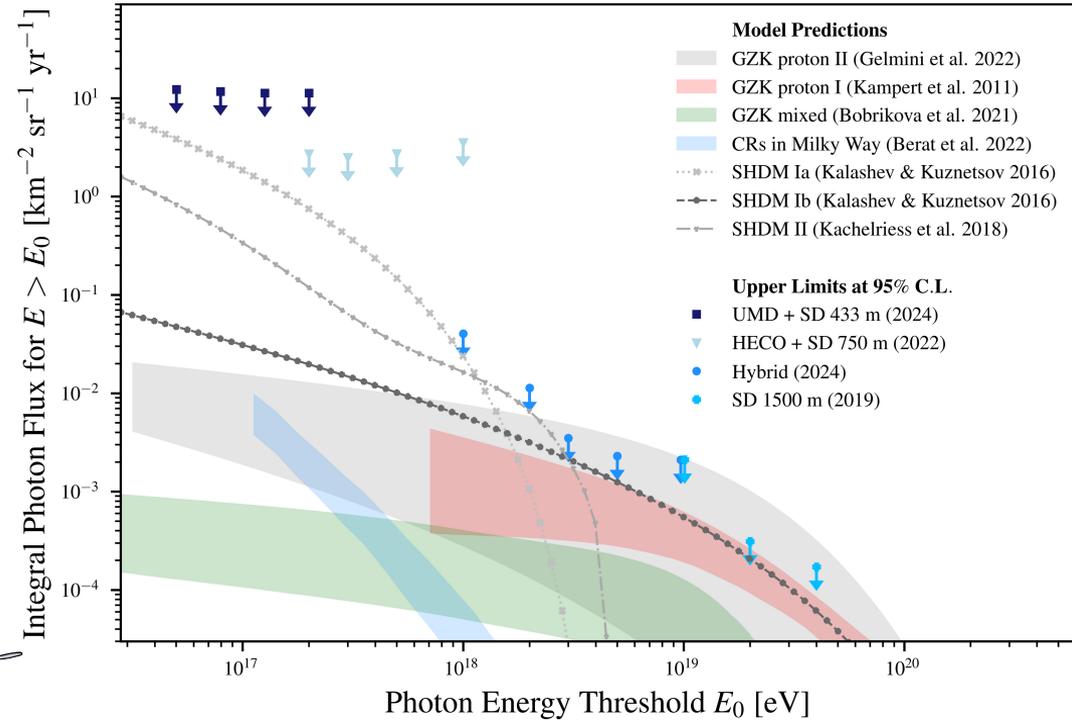
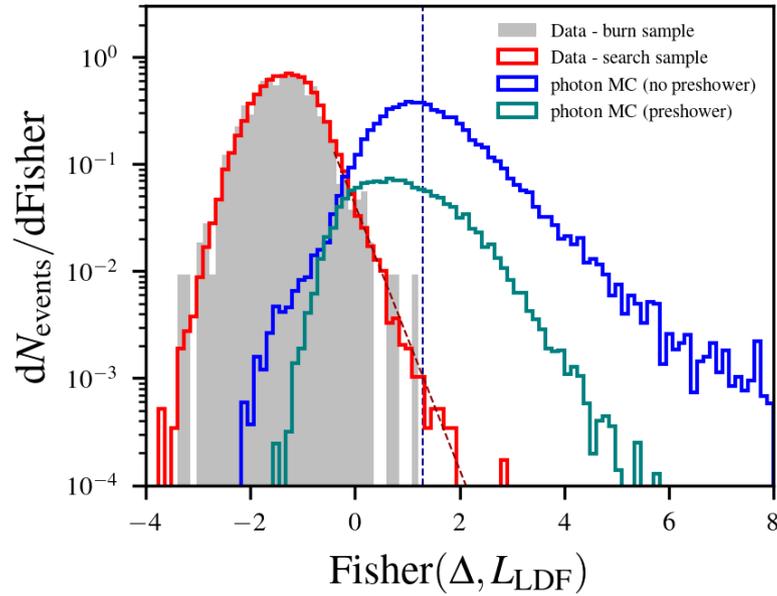


→ 22 candidates, consistent with expected background (30 ± 15)

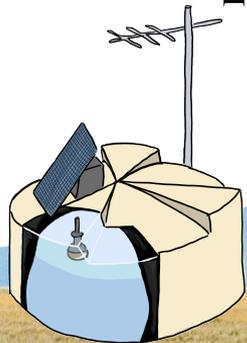
Diffuse flux of photons with energies above 10^{19} eV



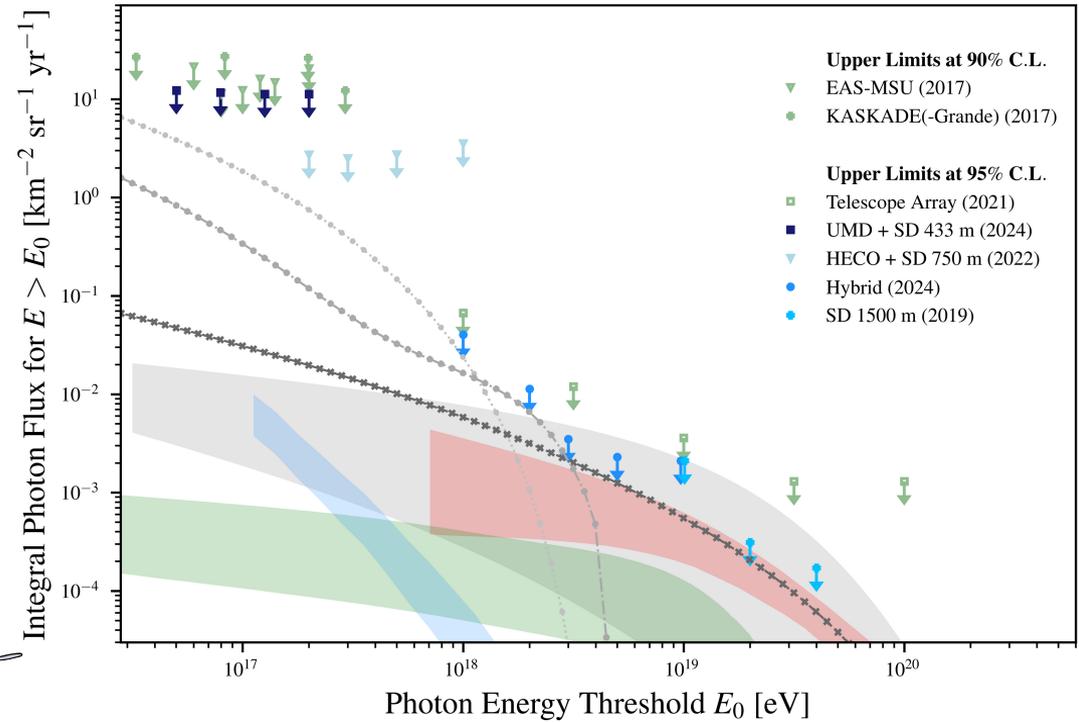
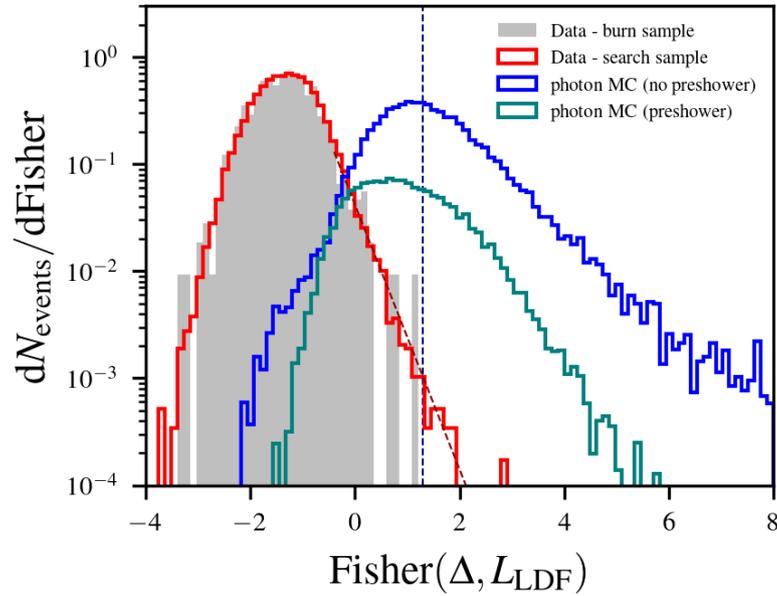
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→ 16 candidates, consistent with expected background



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→ world leading limits on UHE photon flux

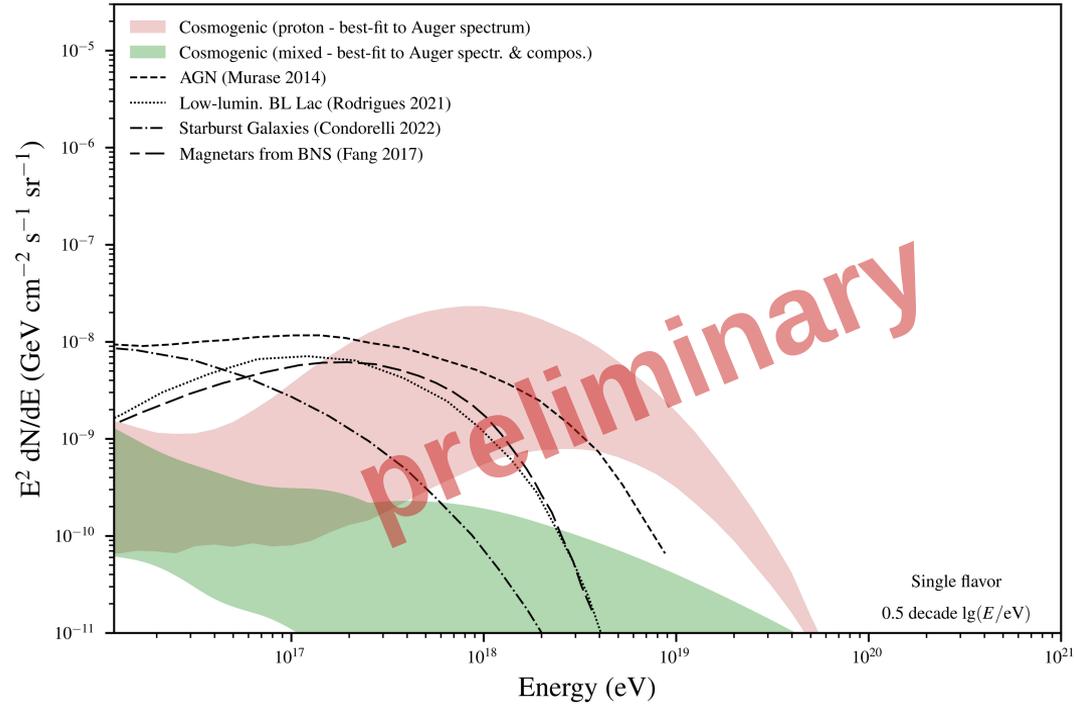
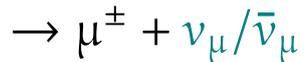
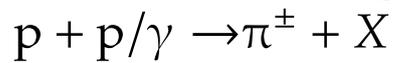
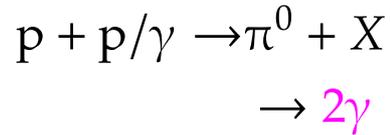
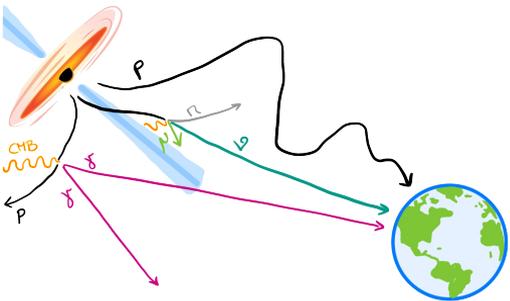


Production of Ultra-High Energy Photons/Neutrinos

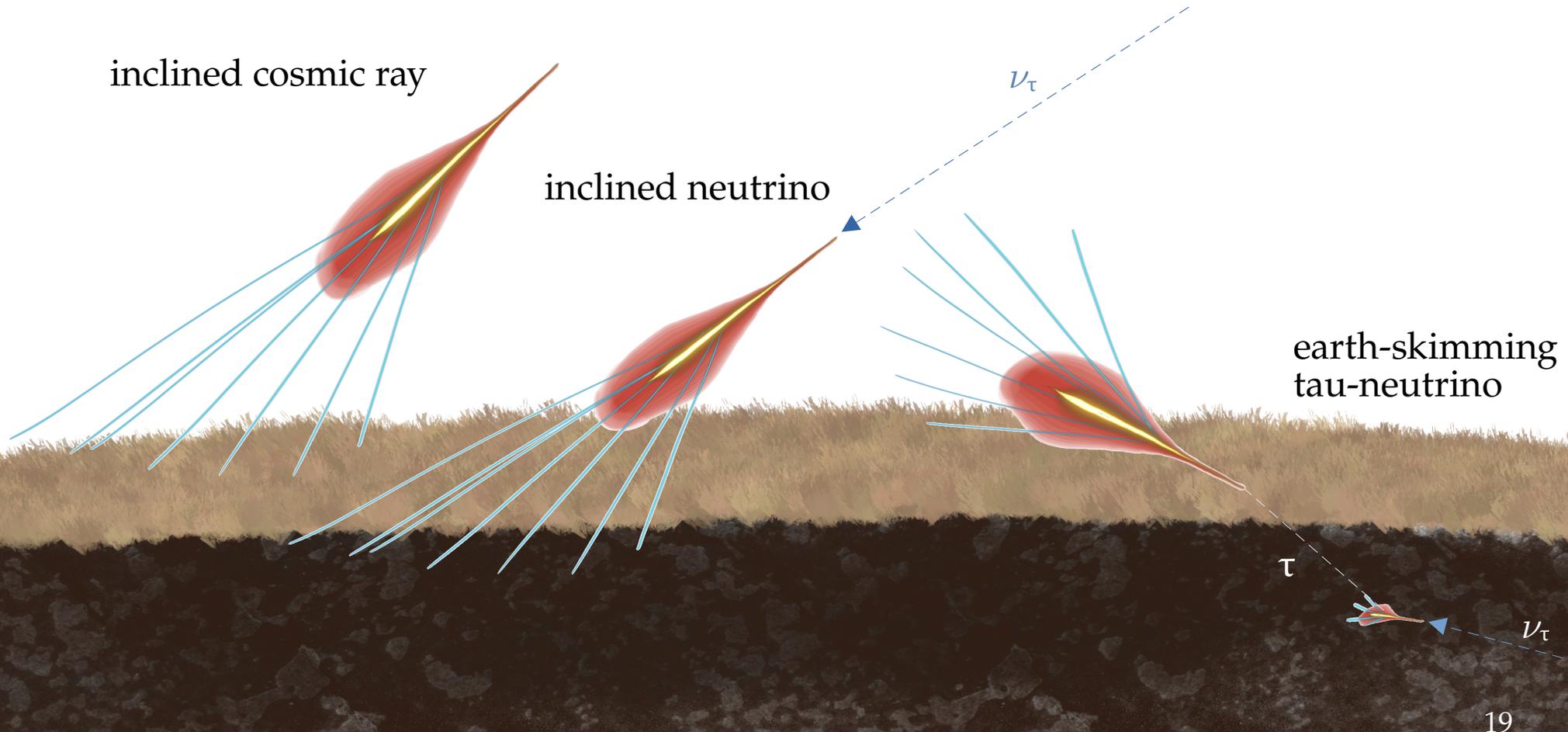
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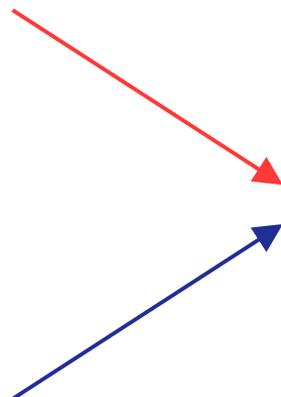
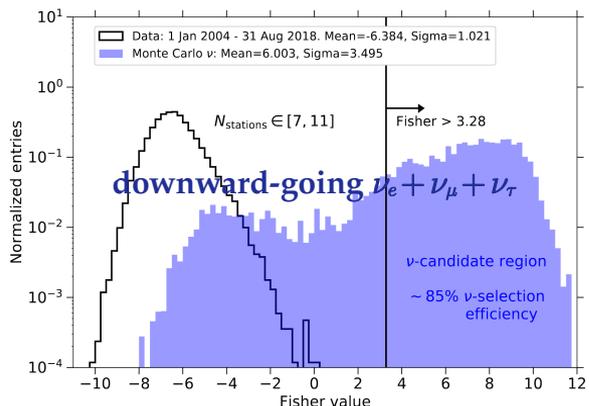
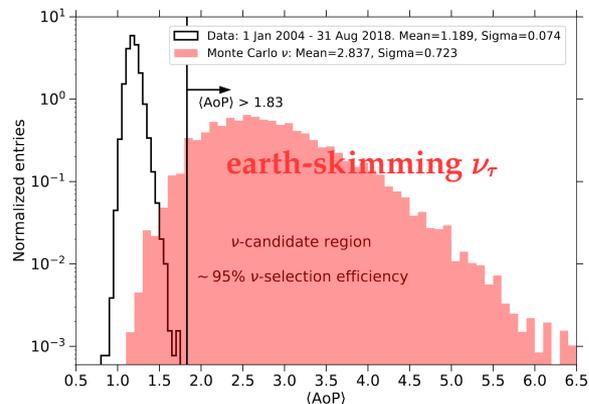
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- interaction with matter (e.g. in galactic disk)
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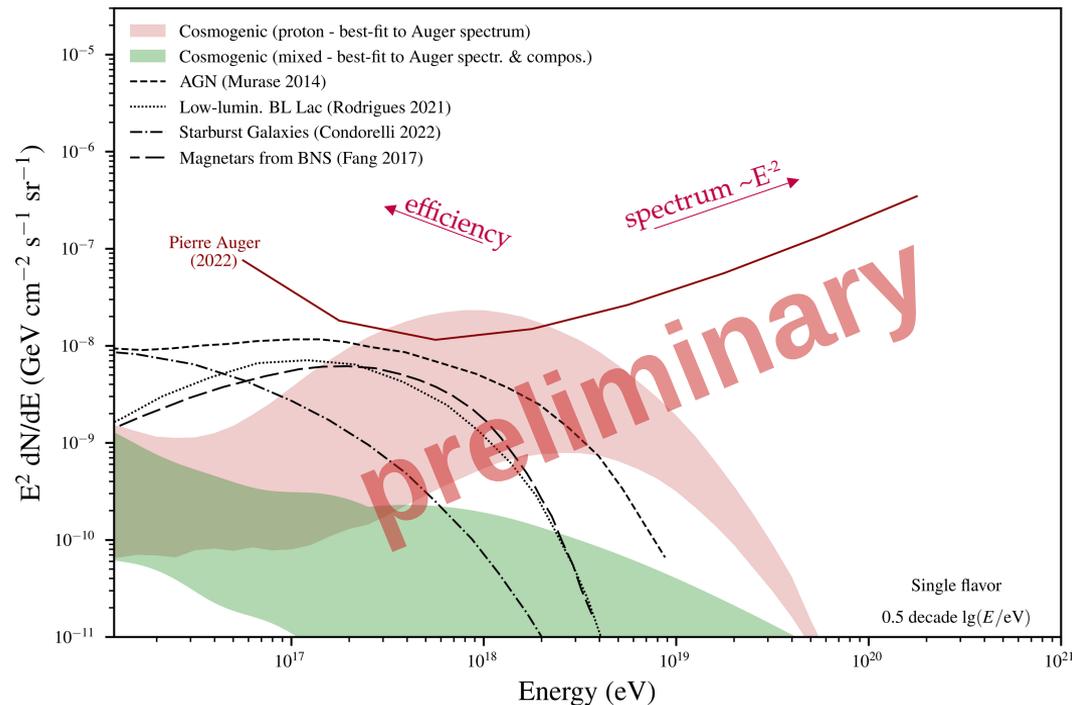
Neutrino induced air showers



Neutrinos in the EeV Energy Range

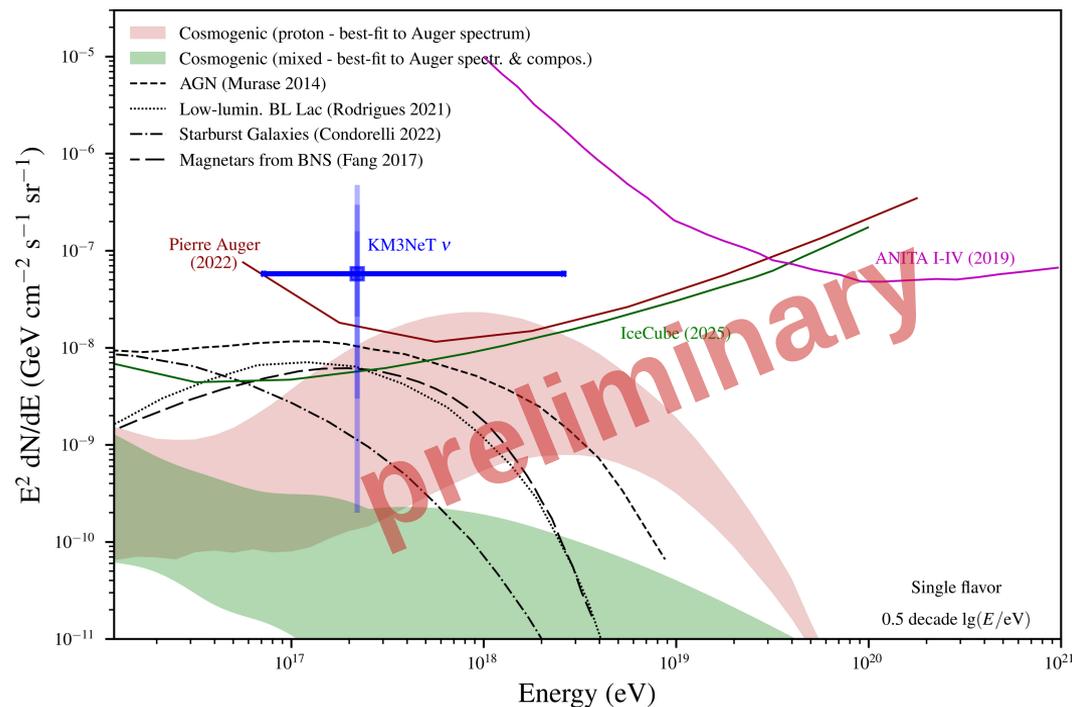
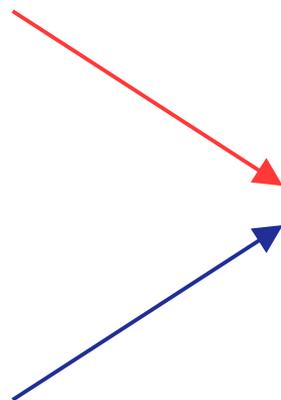
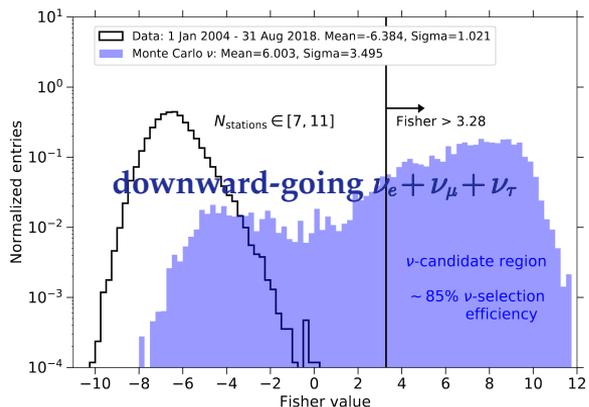
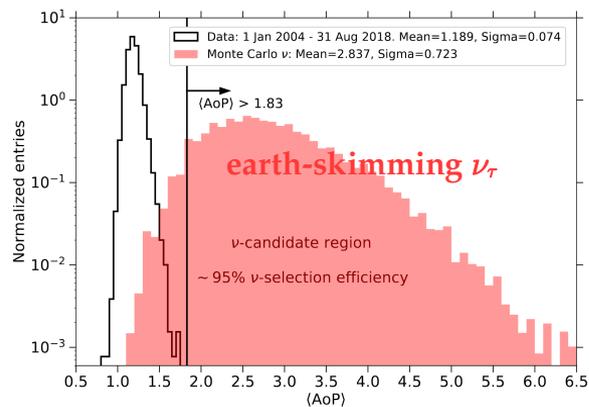


→ No candidate ν found



Single flavor
0.5 decade $\lg(E/eV)$
 $\nu_e : \nu_\mu : \nu_\tau = 1 : 1 : 1$

Neutrinos in the EeV Energy Range



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Summary

- The Pierre Auger Observatory is a **observatory for UHE photons and neutrinos** as well
- **Stringent upper limits** on the diffuse γ and ν flux have been set
- **Follow-up searches** to transient events (e.g. gravitational wave events)
- The **AugerPrime** upgrade has the potential to further increase our sensitivity

