

The Status and Perspectives of Giant Radio Array for Neutrino Detection (GRAND)

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China University of Geosciences (Wuhan)
on behalf of the **GRAND Collaboration**

Collaboration



16 Member & Associate Institutes represented at the Board



- Purple Mountain Observatory (PMO)
- National Astronomical Observatories (NAOC)
- Xidian University
- Nanjing University
- China University of Geosciences (Wuhan)



- Hellenic Open University (HOU)
- Institut d'astrophysique de Paris (IAP)
- Institute of Physics of the Czech Academy of Sciences (FZU)
- Inter-University Institute for High Energy at Vrije Universiteit Brussel (IIHE-VUB)
- Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)
- Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et des Hautes Energies (LPNHE)
- Laboratoire Univers et Particules de Montpellier (LUPM)
- Radboud University
- University of Warsaw

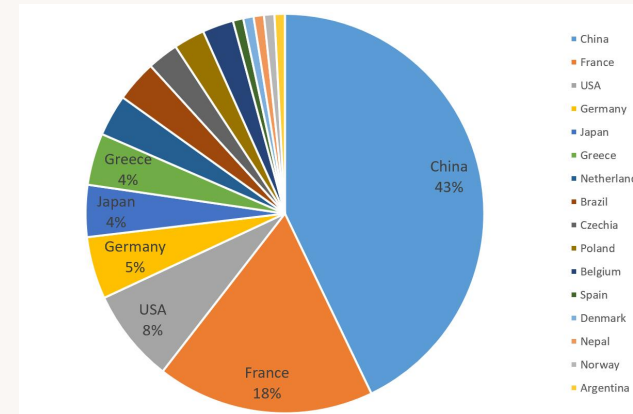


- Pennsylvania State University (PSU)
- San Francisco State University (SFSU)



- Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro (UFRJ)

119 members 16 countries: Argentina, Belgium, Brazil, China, Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Japan, Nepal, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Spain, USA



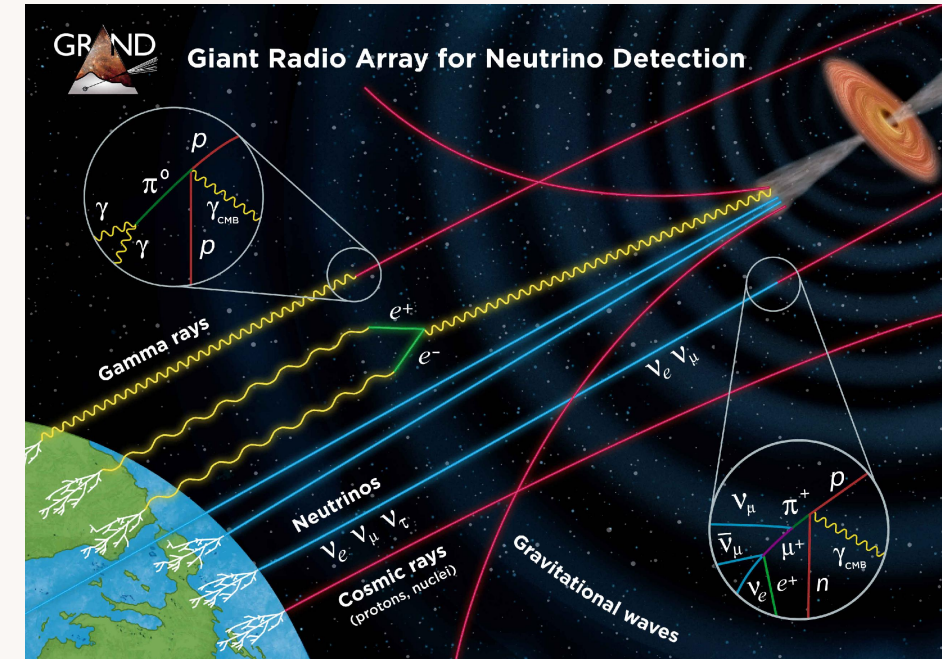
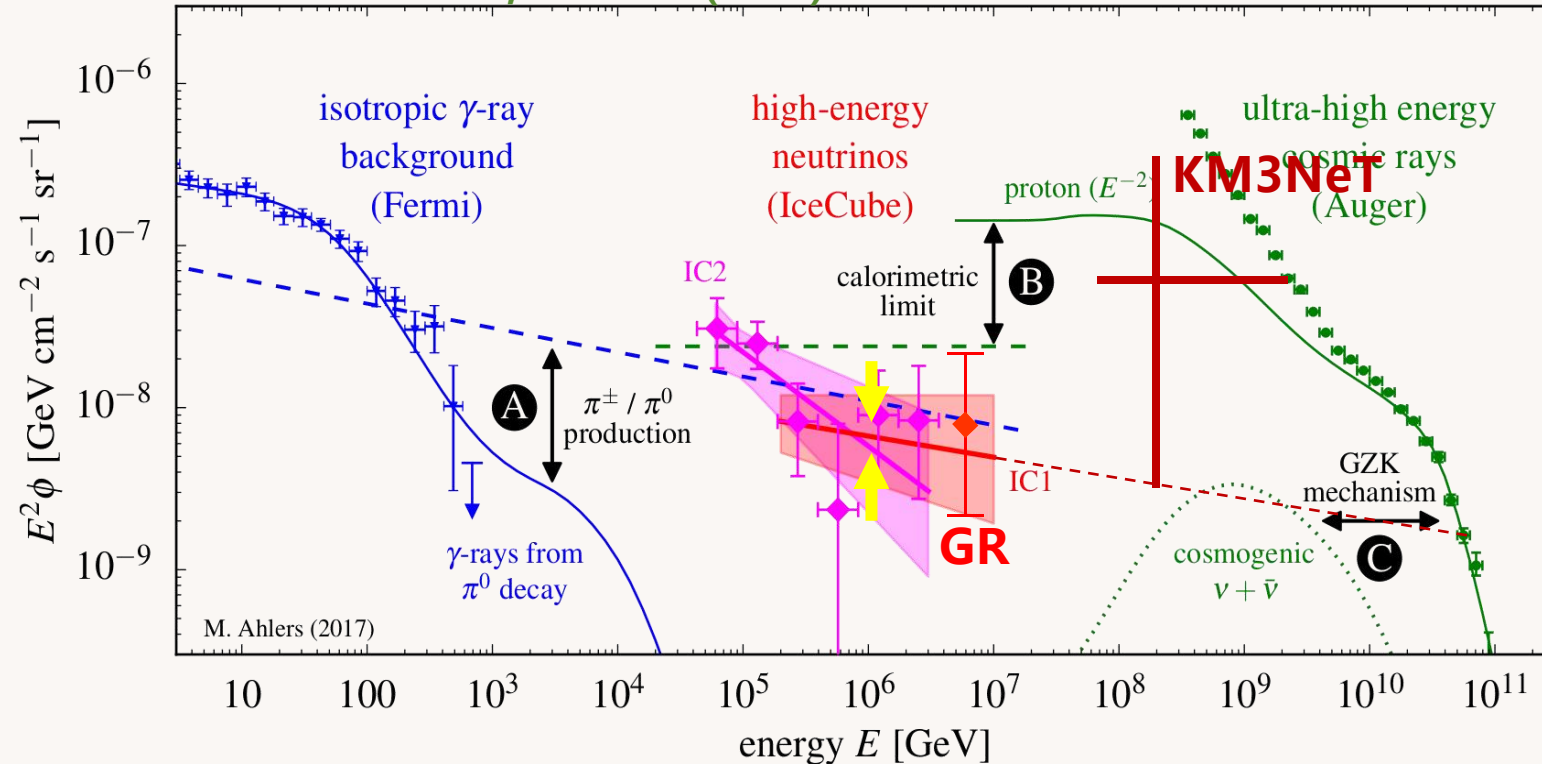
GRAND Collaboration Meeting @ PMO, Nanjing, China - May 2024



Cosmic Rays and Neutrinos

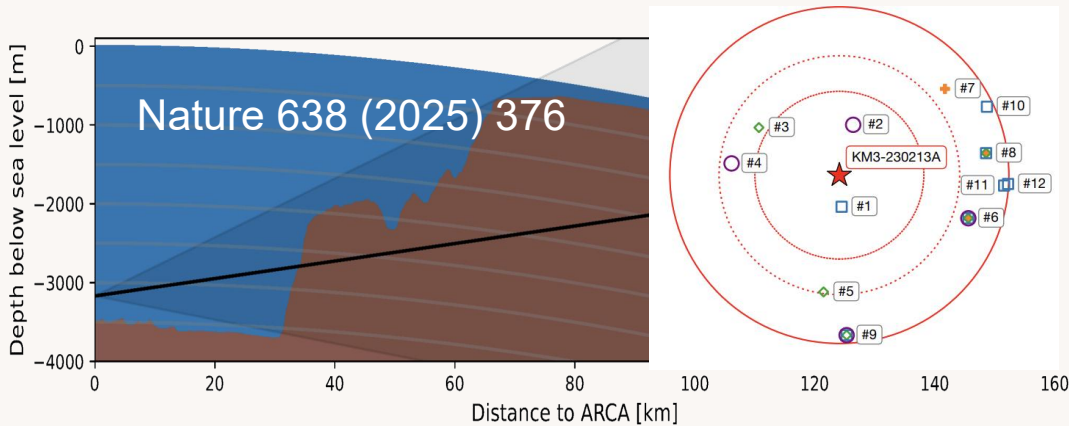
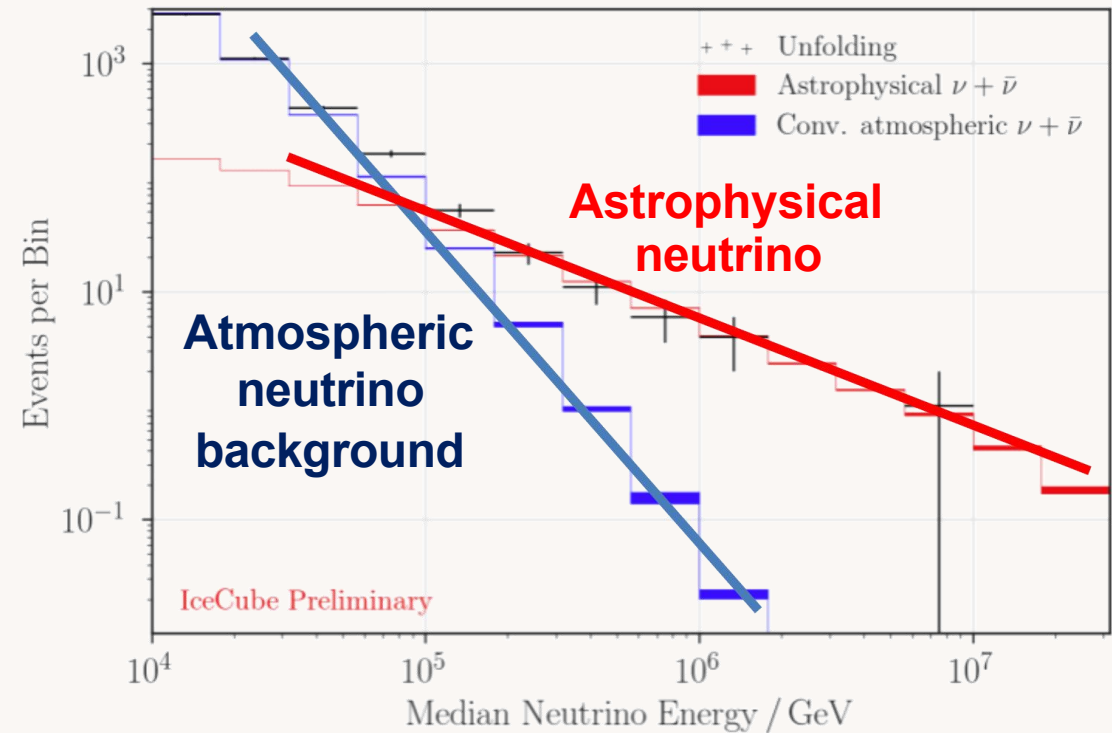
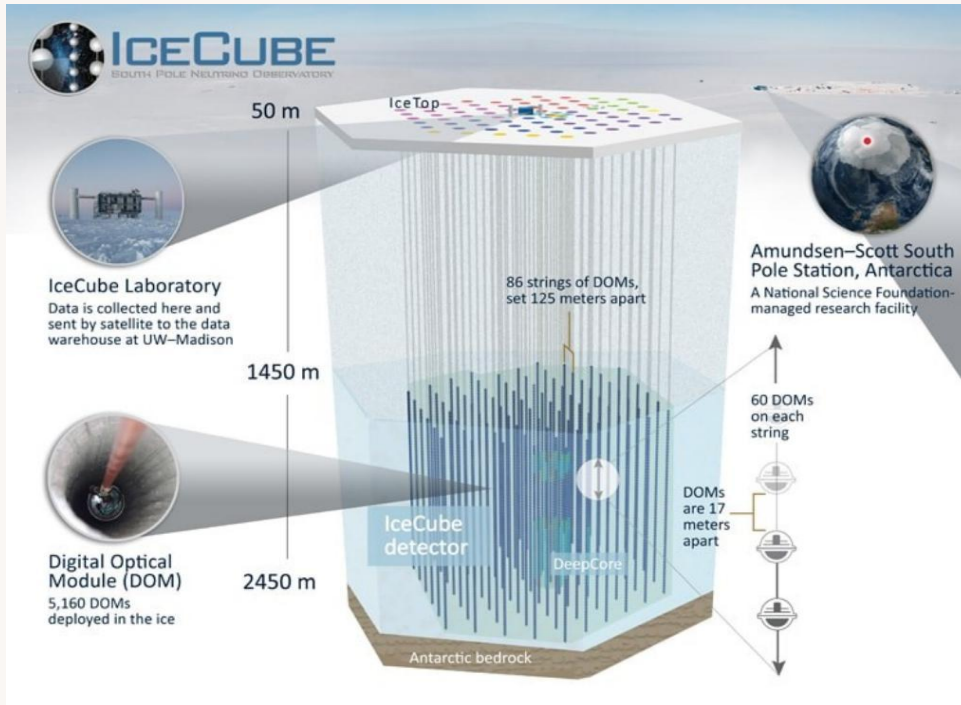


Ahlers and Halzen, PPNP102(2018)73



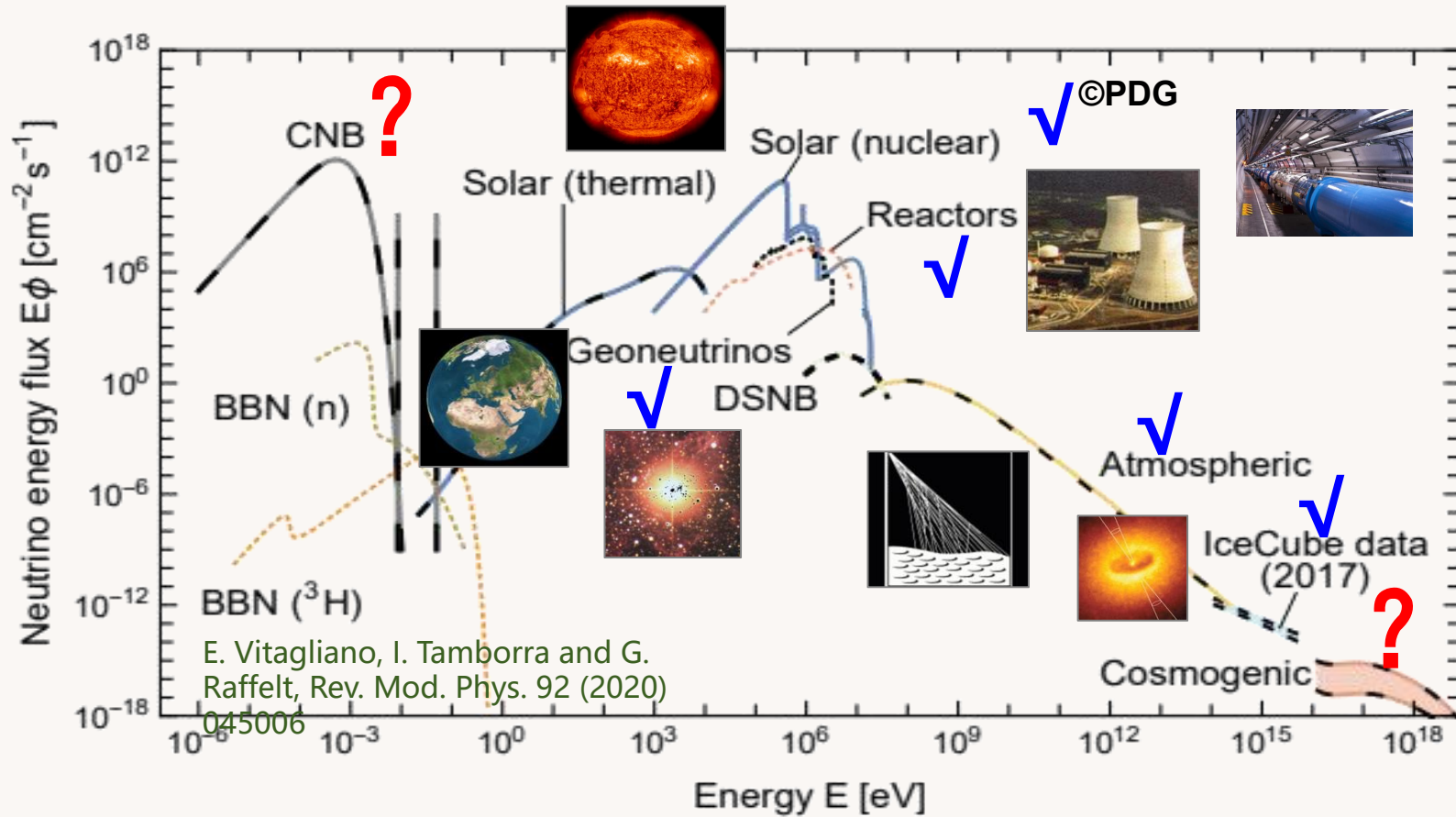
- 1) **UHE CR tracing:** deflected by magnetic field. the GZK horizon
- 2) **UHE Gamma rays:** Interaction with the CMB. They cascade down to low energy.
- 3) **UHE neutrinos:** Universe transparent, beyond the GZK horizon, difficult for detection.

UHE Neutrinos



- IceCube first detected the high- energy neutrinos of extraterrestrial origin in 2013.
- Hard to identify neutrino sources due to the limited sensitivity and angular resolution.
- Origin of the 220 PeV event of KM3NeT is not yet identified.

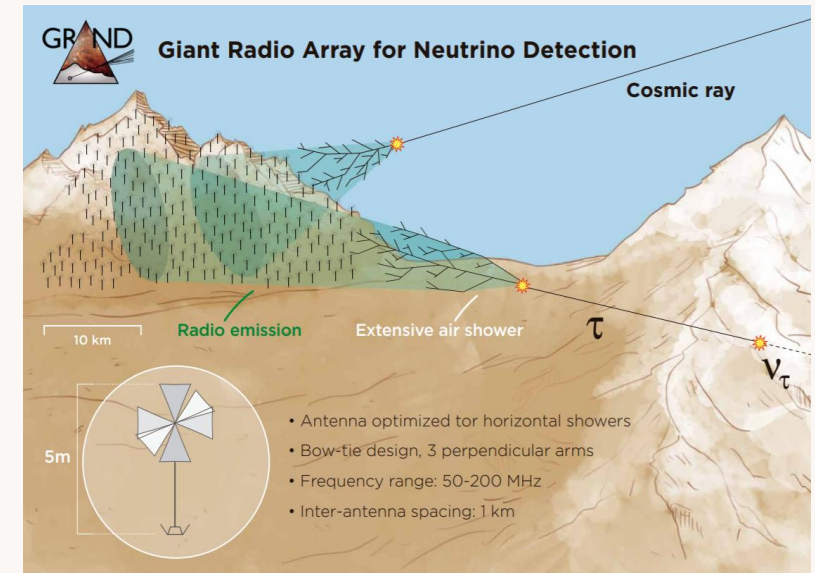
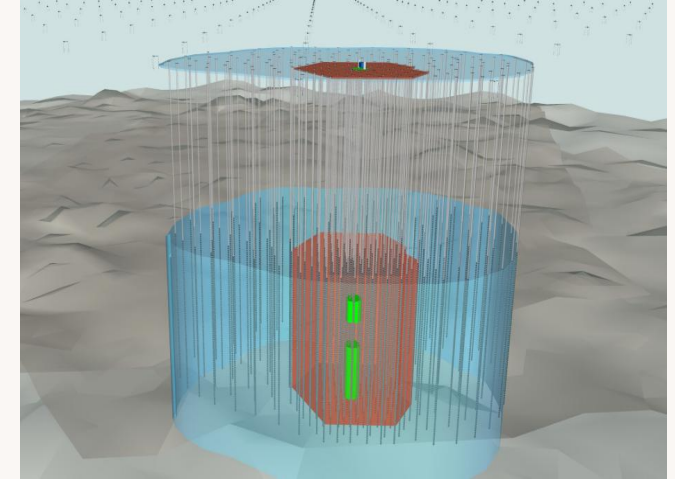
UHE Neutrinos



- $p + \gamma_{\text{CMB}} \rightarrow p \text{ (or } n) + n\pi$ **Very efficient for $E_p \sim 50 \text{ EeV}$**
- $p + \gamma_{\text{CMB}} \rightarrow \Delta^+(1232) \rightarrow p + \pi^0 \text{ (or } n + \pi^+)$ $(p_p + p_\gamma)^2 > (M_n + M_\pi)^2$
- $\pi \rightarrow \nu + \dots$ **$E_\nu \approx 0 \text{ (1 EeV)}$** **COM energy is only 1 GeV**

CR+CMB (CIB) = Guaranteed EeV neutrino flux

V. S. Berezinsky, G. T. Zatsepin, PLB 28 (1969) 423



Radio Detection

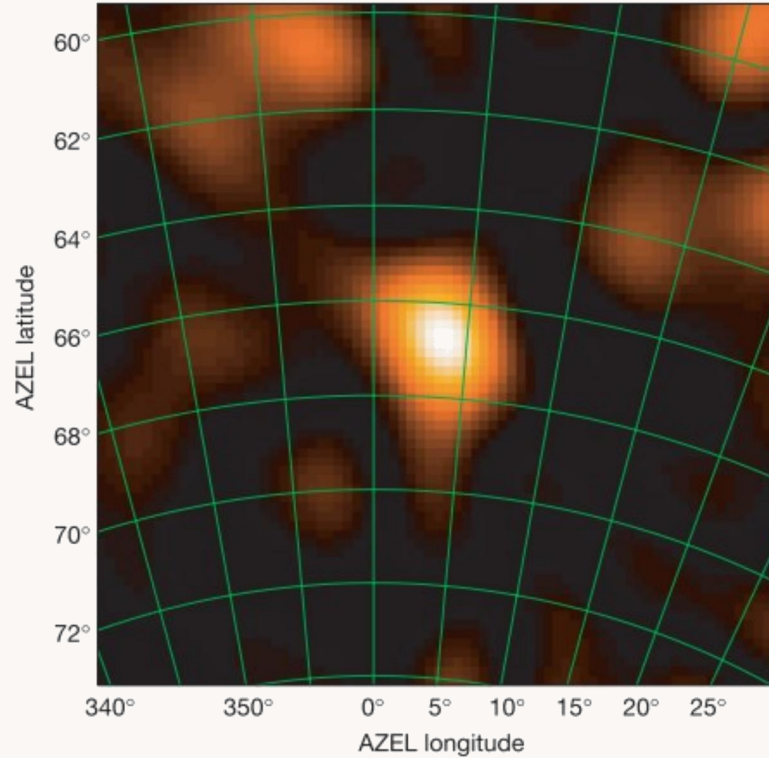
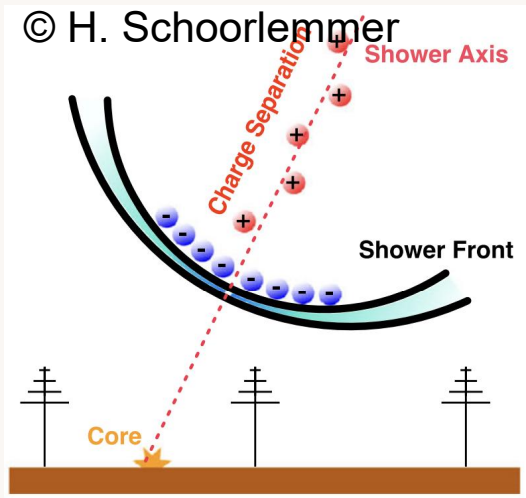
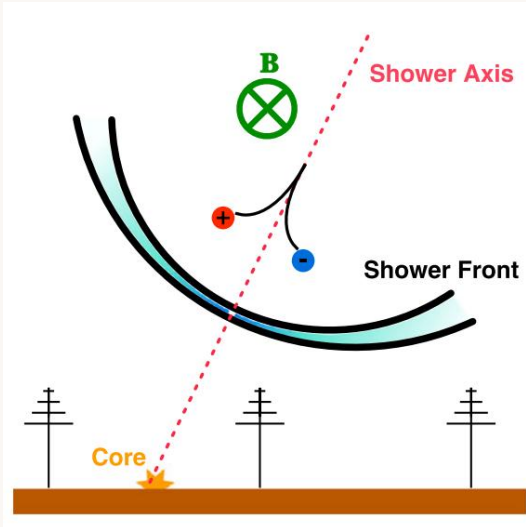
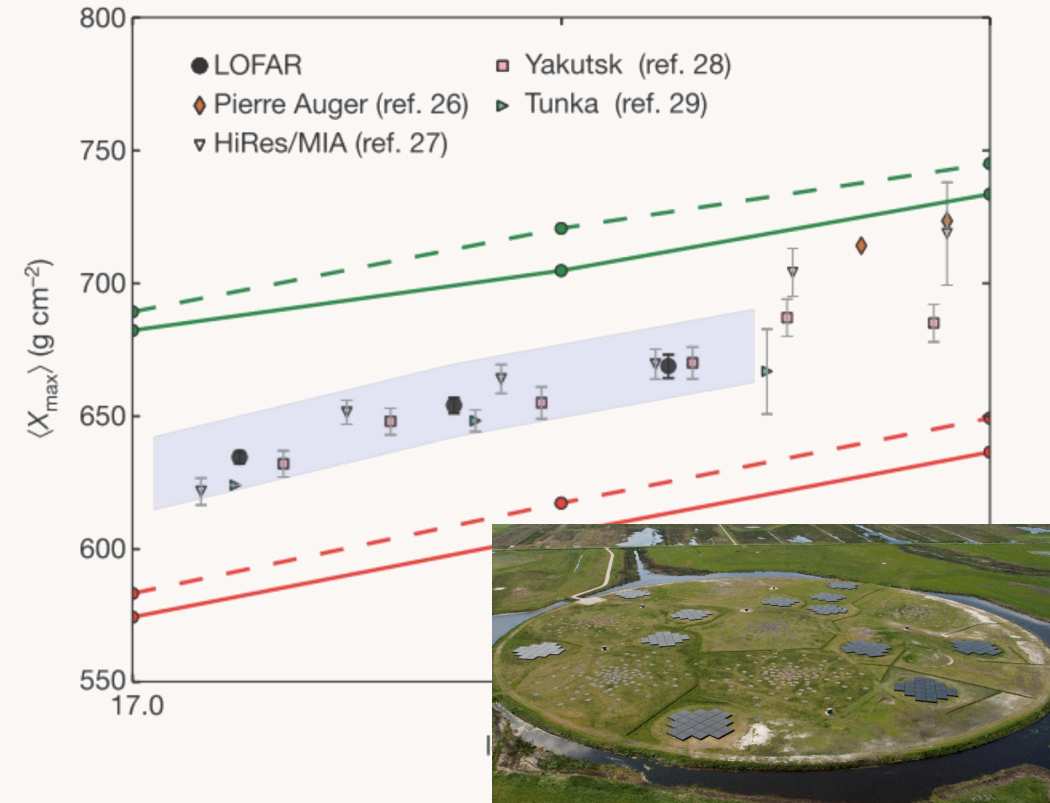
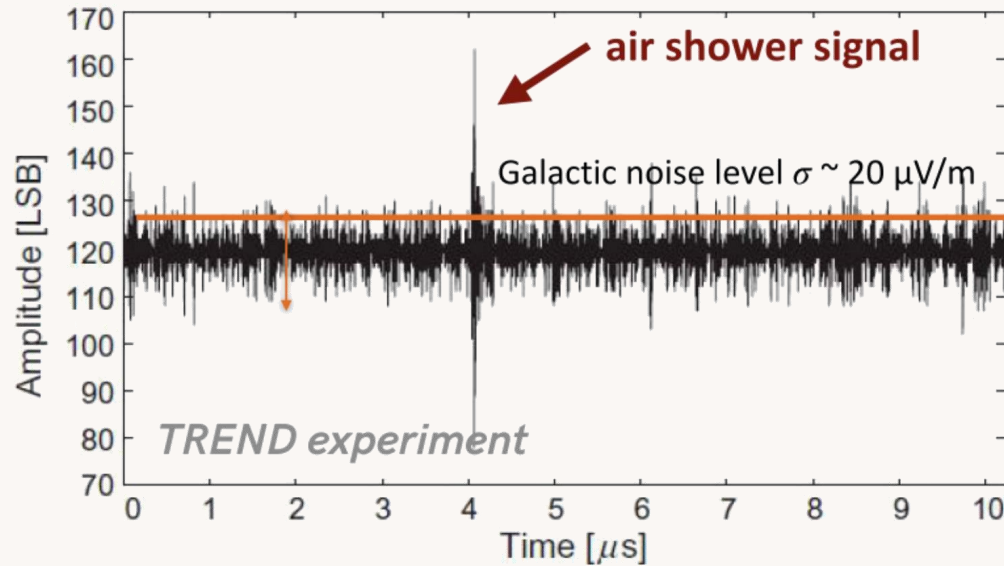


Image of an air shower using radio signals, LOPES, Nature 435 (2005) 313

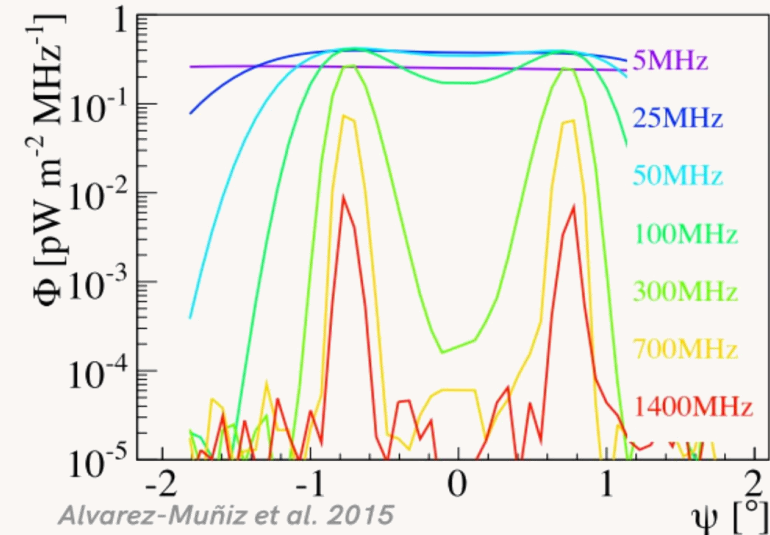


X_{max} with high precision, 16 g/cm², LOFAR, Nature 531 (2016) 70

Radio Detection

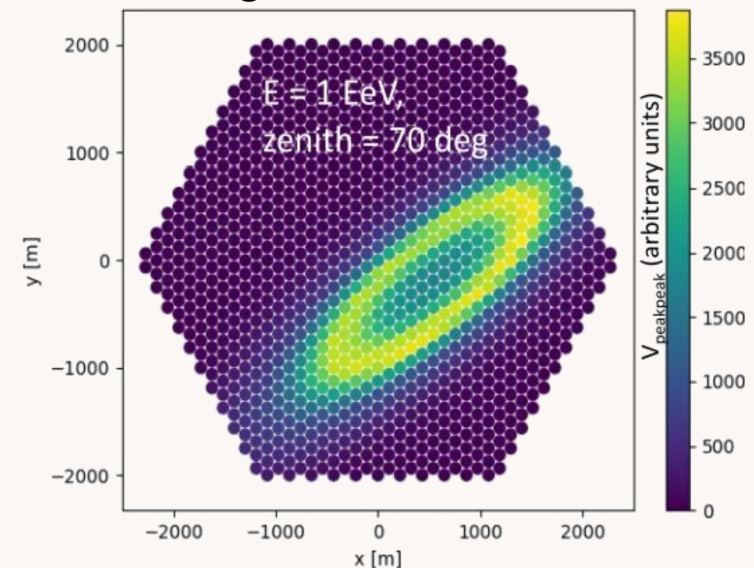


- Frequency range: 50-200 MHz (C-ring)
- Transient pulses, duration: $< \sim 100$ ns
- Amplitude of detectable signals at unit level: $> 3-5$ above stationary Galactic background
- Amplitude scales linearly with particle energy
- Self-triggered is made possible
- Paves the way for GRAND



Alvarez-Muñiz et al. 2015

The Cherenkov ring becomes more significant with >50 MHz



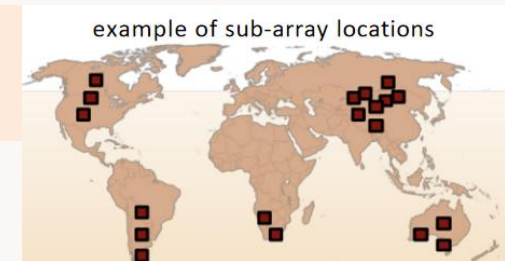
GRAND Concept



UHECR

vertical shower

200k radio antennas array over 200'000 km²
in several sub-arrays at favorable sites worldwide

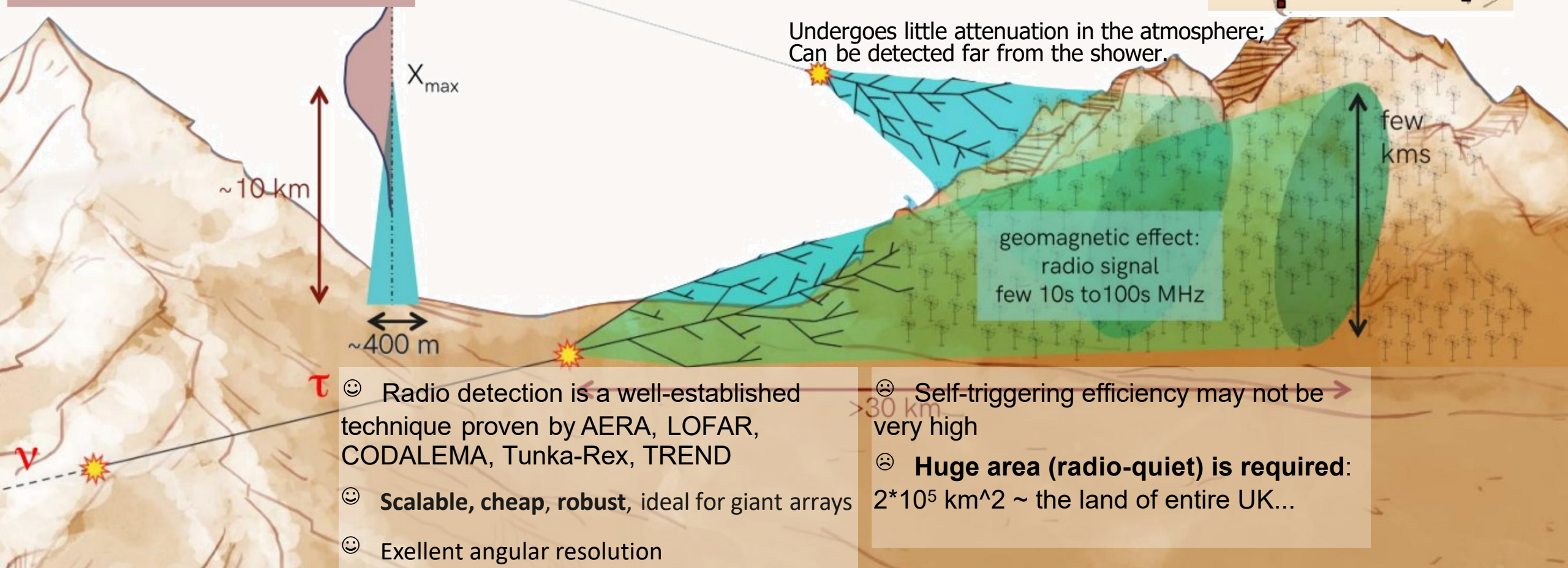


example of sub-array locations

Investigate the origin of UHE
CRs and neutrinos.

Radio emission:

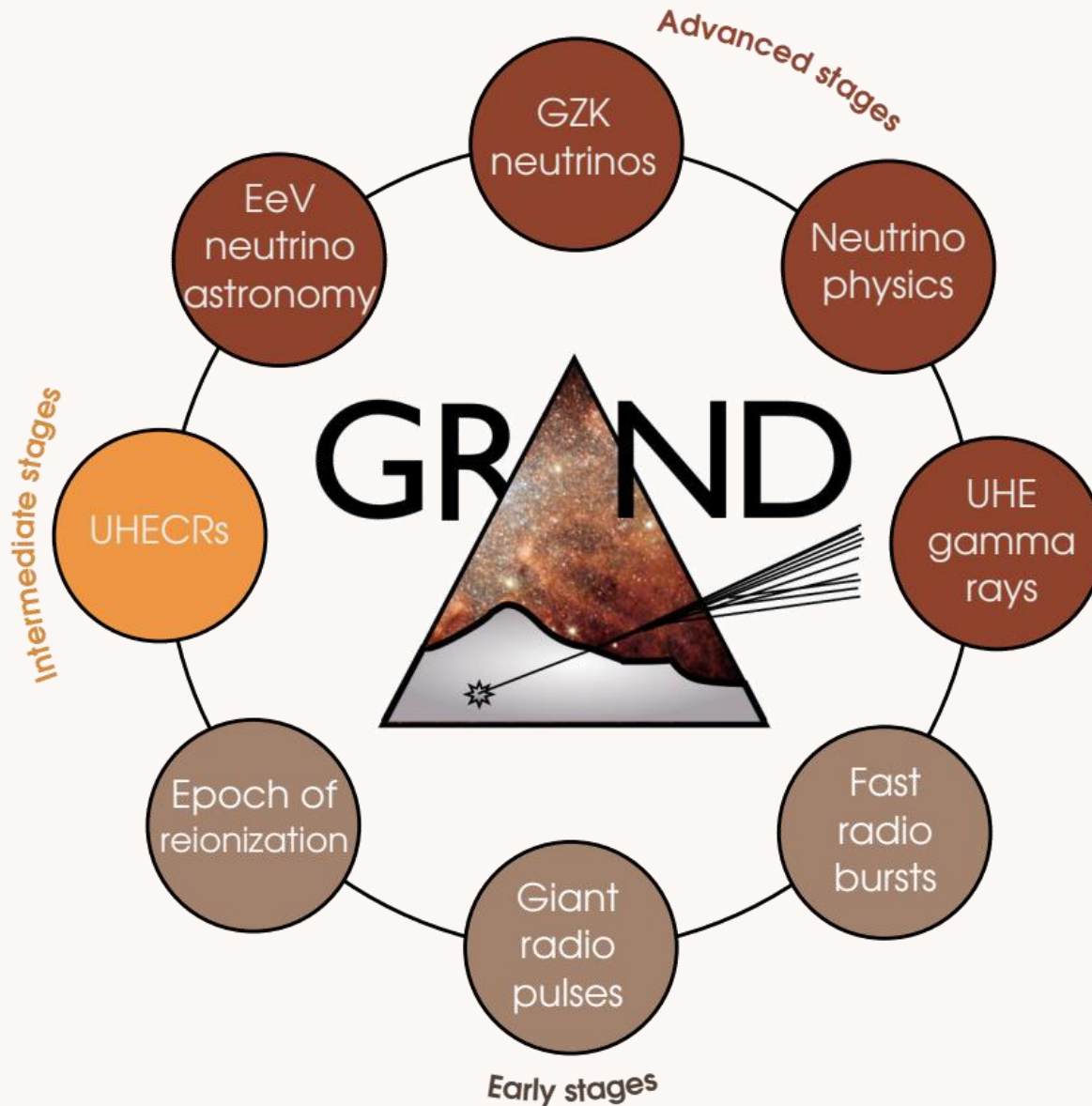
Undergoes little attenuation in the atmosphere;
Can be detected far from the shower.



- ☺ Radio detection is a well-established technique proven by AERA, LOFAR, CODALEMA, Tunka-Rex, TREND
- ☺ **Scalable, cheap, robust**, ideal for giant arrays
- ☺ Excellent angular resolution

- ☹ Self-triggering efficiency may not be very high
- ☹ **Huge area (radio-quiet) is required:**
 $2 \times 10^5 \text{ km}^2 \sim$ the land of entire UK...

Science Case



1) Radio astronomy (early stages)

- full-sky survey of radio signals
- FRBs and giant radio pulses from Crab with GP300

2) UHECRs (intermediate stages)

- GP300: transition from galactic to extragalactic
- hadronic physics: muon discrepancy, UHECR mass composition, p-air xsec

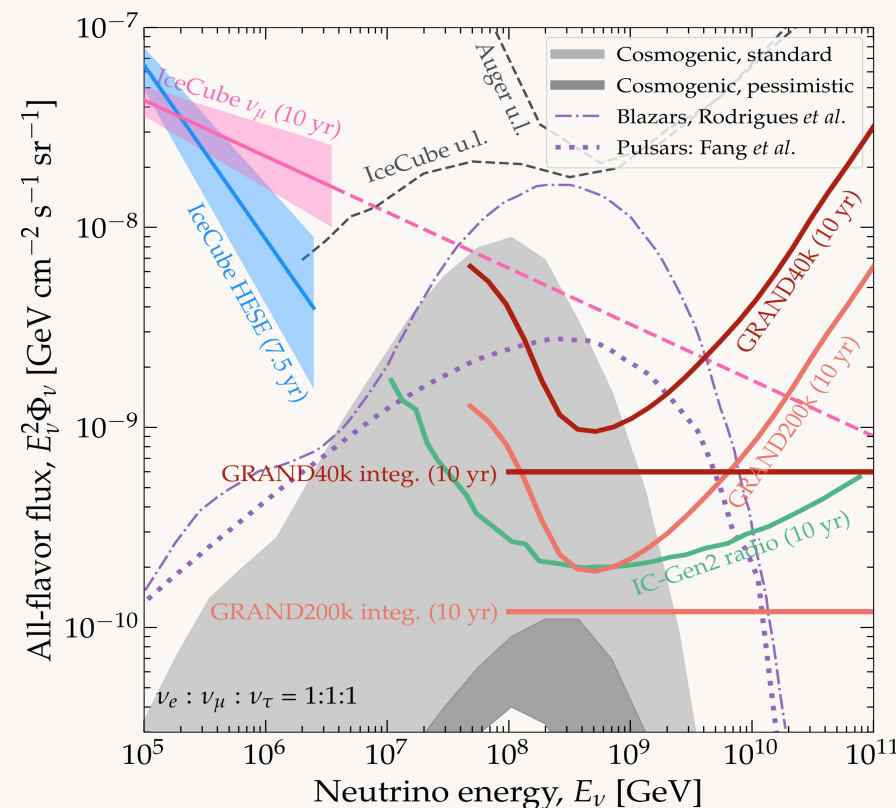
3) Neutrinos, gamma (advanced stages)

- Cosmogenic neutrino and gamma flux
- Neutrino astronomy at EeV
- Competitive with Auger at GP300 stage

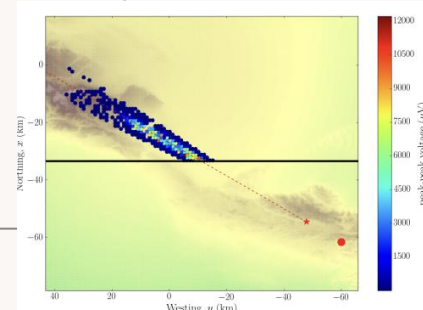
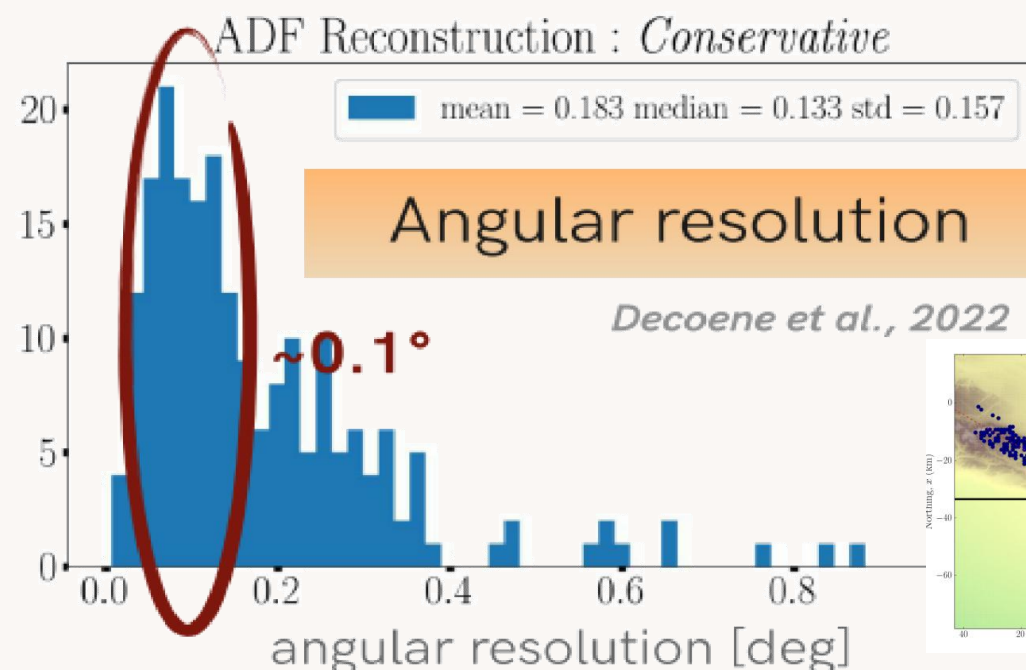
4) Neutrino physics (advanced stages)

- ν Xsec at EeV
- new physics effect

Expected Sensitivity for Neutrinos

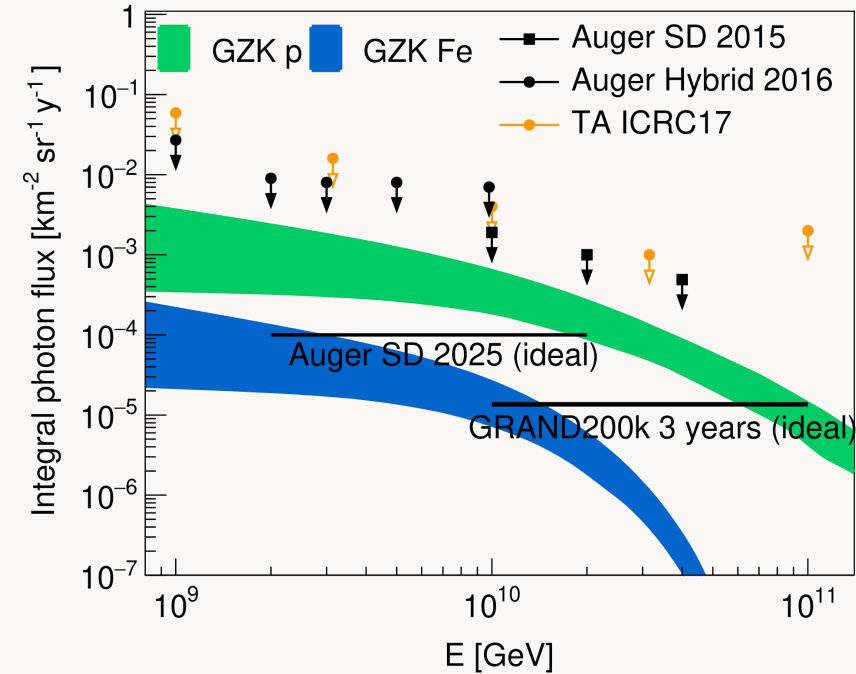
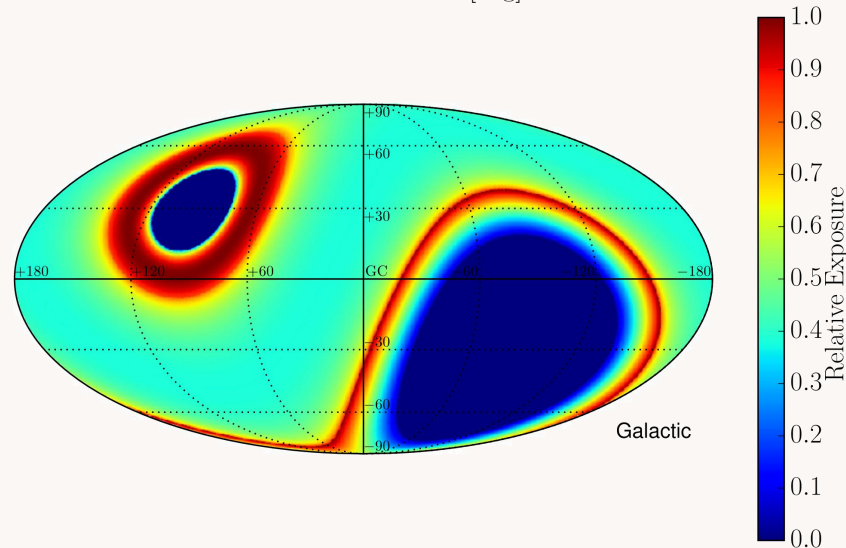
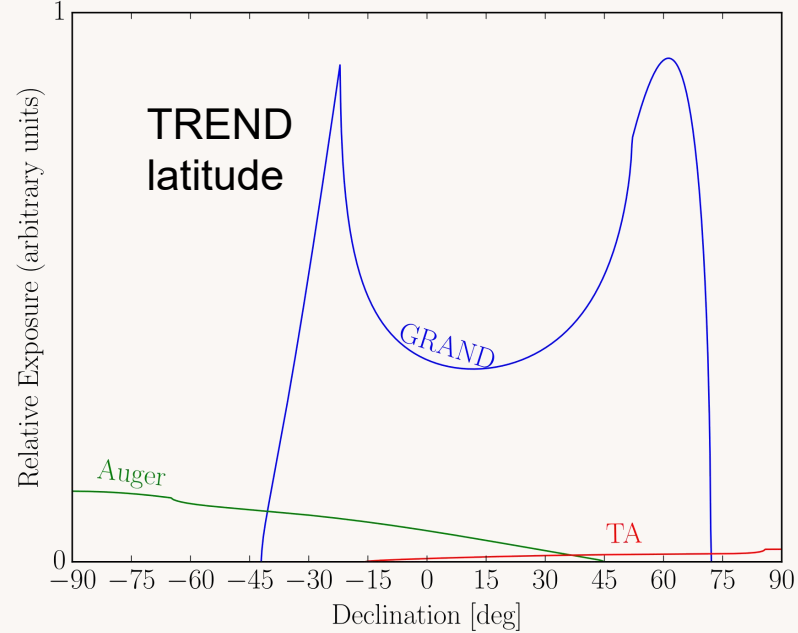


- 📌 With 200k antennas, GRAND can achieve an unprecedented sensitivity to diffuse neutrino flux @ EeV.
- 📌 For usual flux models, the rate can read 1-18 event per year.



Dif. sens. lim. in $\text{GeV cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1} \text{sr}^{-1}$	IFOV in sky %	dFOV in sky %	ang. res.	2021	2025	>2030
4.2×10^{-8} in 30 d	6	19	$< 2.8^\circ$			PUEO
3.6×10^{-9} (2030)	35	20	5°	ARA		
1×10^{-8} in 5 yr	30	35	$2^\circ \times 10^\circ$	RNO-G		
8×10^{-9} in 5 yr	50	> 50	$2.9 - 3.8^\circ$		ARIANNA-200	
3×10^{-10} in 5 yr	50	> 50	?		RET-N	
4×10^{-10} in 5 yr	43	43	$2^\circ \times 10^\circ$		IceCube-Gen2 Radio	
1.2×10^{-8} in 5 yr	6	19.5	$0.3 - 1^\circ$		BEACON	
1×10^{-8} in 5 yr	6	80	0.1°		GRAND10k	
4×10^{-10} in 5 yr	45	100	0.1°		GRAND	
$[1.5 \times 10^{-8} \text{ (2019)}]$	30	92.8	$< 1^\circ$	Auger		
?	27	62	1°		TAMBO	
7×10^{-8} in 5 yr	0.6	18-36	0.4°		POEMMA Cerenkov	
1×10^{-10} in 5 yr	6	62	$< 1^\circ$			Trinity


Expected Sensitivity for CR and Gamma



- 📍 The site is assumed at latitude 43.
- 📍 The final setup of GRAND200K with 20 sites will have a much wider coverage

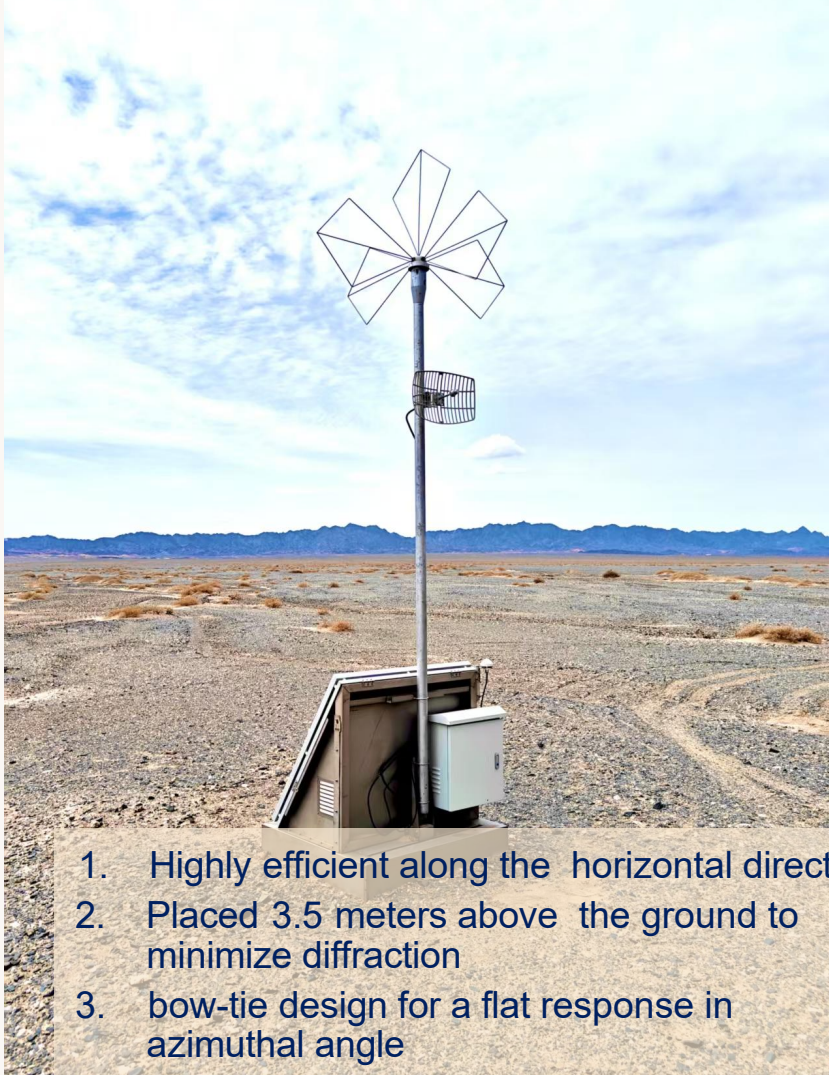
Timeline



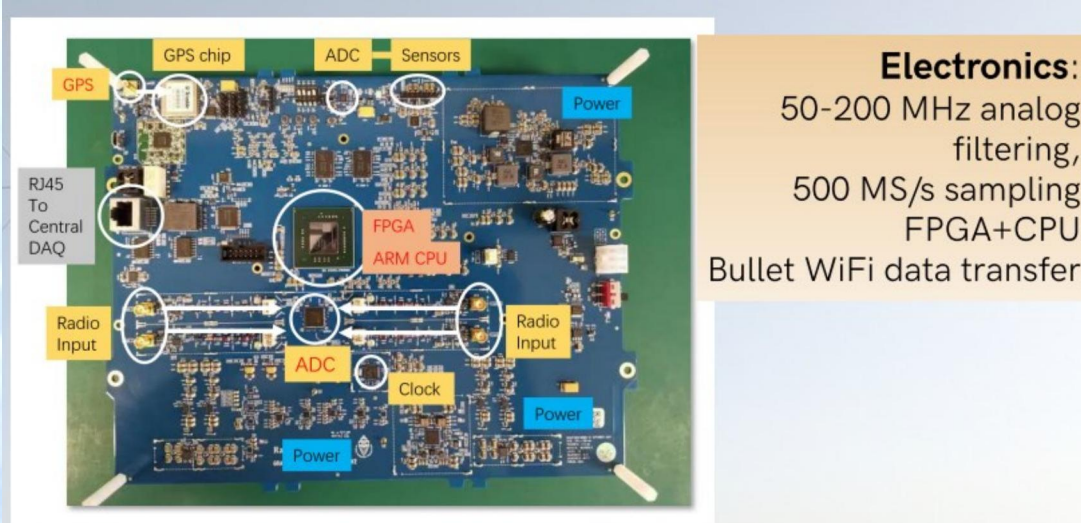
	Prototyping	GRAND10k North/South	GRAND200k
	2023	2028	203X
Goals	autonomous radio detection of very inclined air-showers cosmic rays $10^{16.5-18}$ eV <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Galactic/extragalactic transition muon problem radio transients 	1st GRAND sub-arrays <ul style="list-style-type: none"> discovery of EeV neutrinos for optimistic fluxes radio transients (FRBs!) 	sensitive all-sky detector 1st EeV neutrino detection and/or neutrino astronomy!
Setup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> GRAND@Nançay: 4 antennas for trigger testing GRAND@Auger: 10 antennas for cross-calibration GRANDProto300: 300 HorizonAntennas over 200 km² 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10,000 radio antennas over 10,000 km² 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 200,000 antennas over 200,000 km² 20 sub-arrays of 10k antennas on different continents
Budget	2 M€ 100 antennas produced funded by China + Radboud University + ANR-DFG PRCI NUTRIG (France-Germany) + CNRS INSU (IAP, MITI)	13 M€ 1500€/unit	300M€ in total 500€/unit to be divided between participating countries

Detector

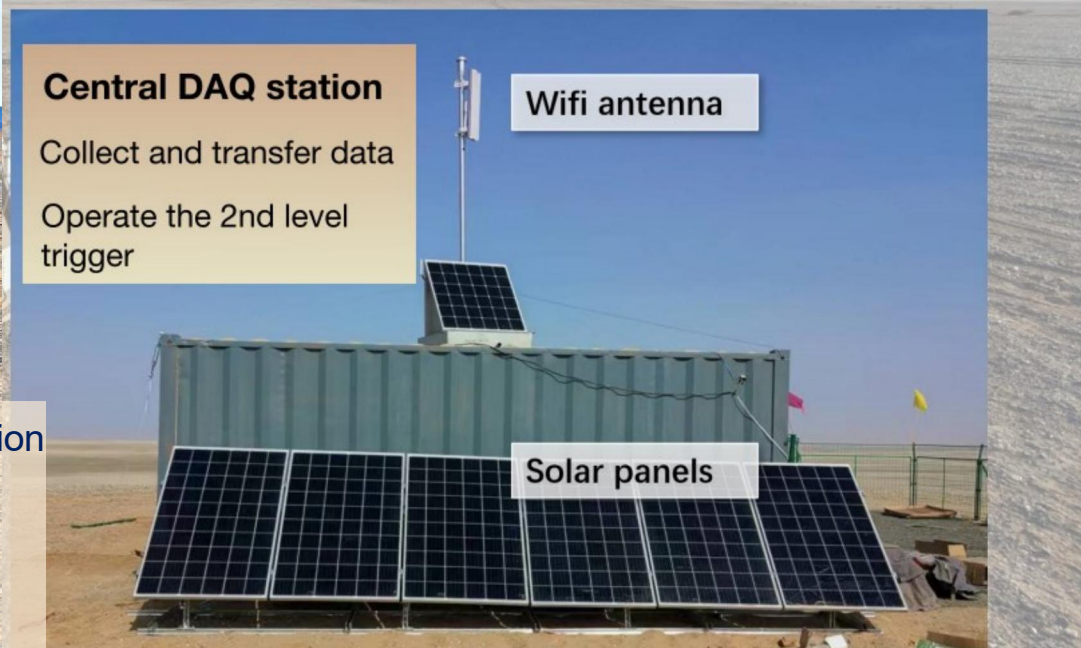
For more on the prototype technology, please check Sei Kato's talk 😊



1. Highly efficient along the horizontal direction
2. Placed 3.5 meters above the ground to minimize diffraction
3. bow-tie design for a flat response in azimuthal angle



Electronics:
50-200 MHz analog filtering,
500 MS/s sampling
FPGA+CPU
Bullet WiFi data transfer



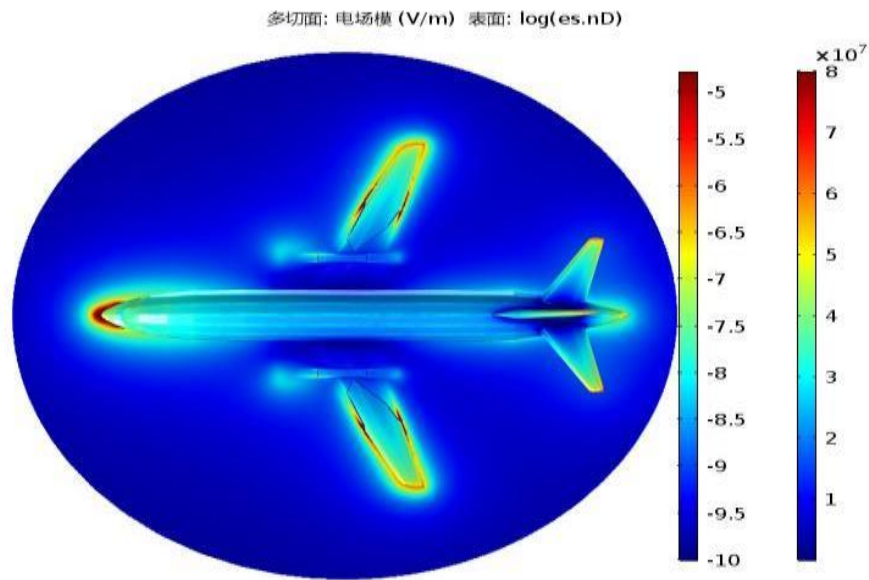
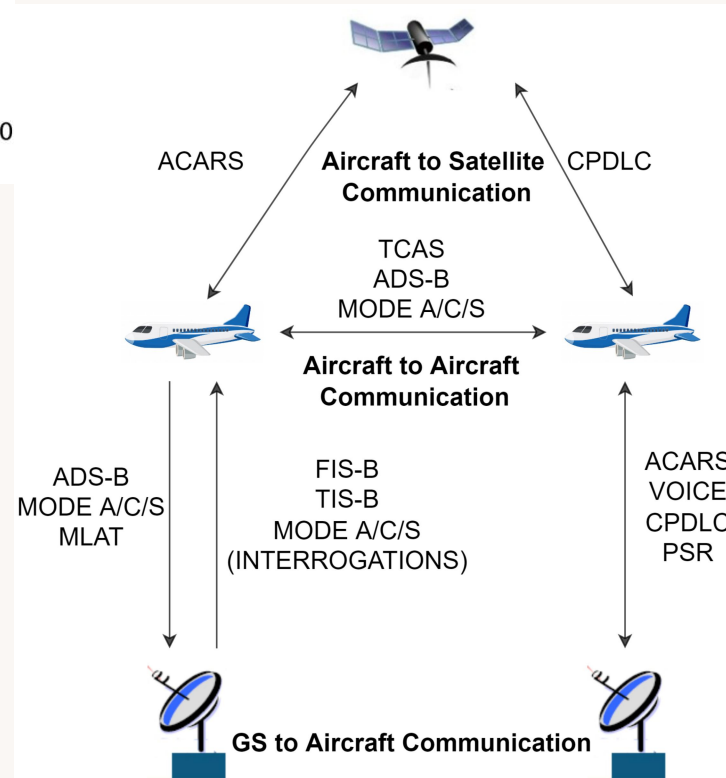
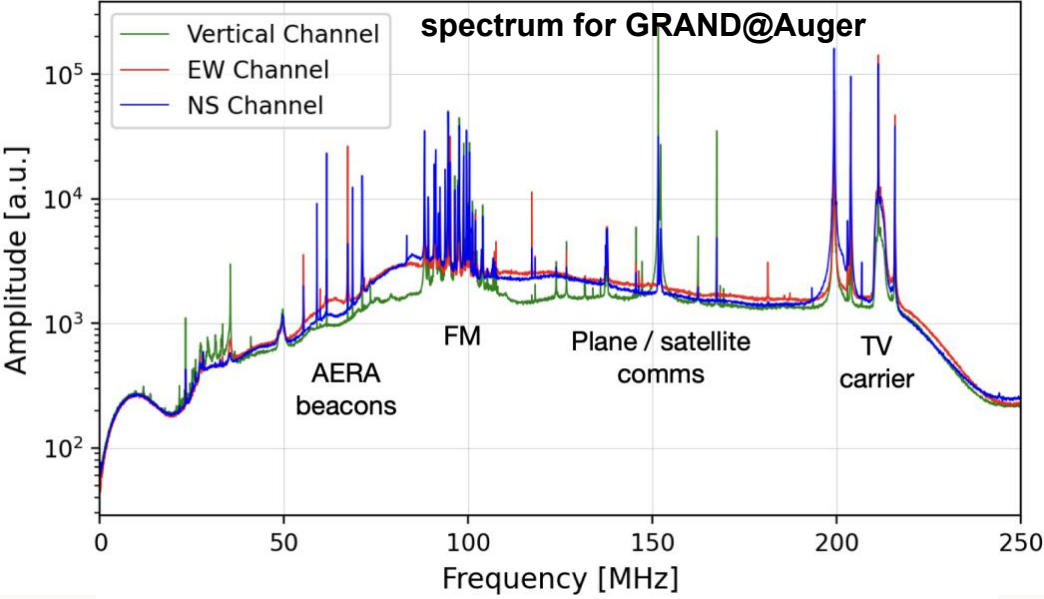
Central DAQ station

Collect and transfer data
Operate the 2nd level trigger

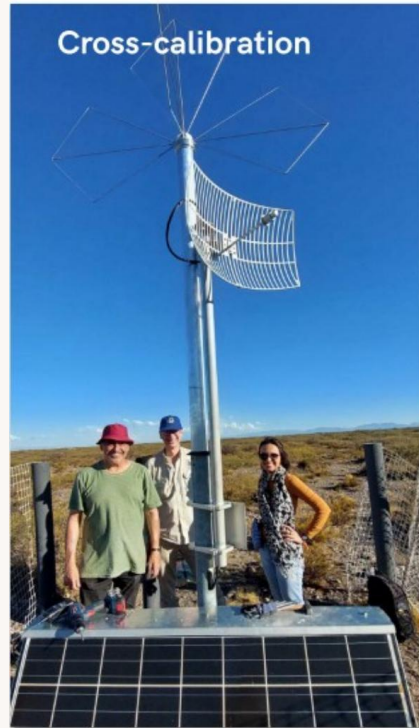
Wifi antenna

Solar panels

Possible Background



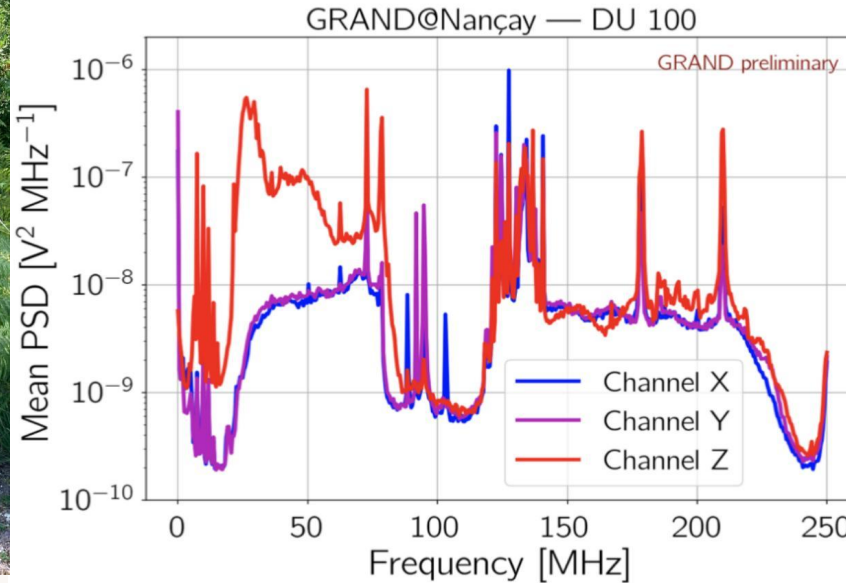
Prototypes



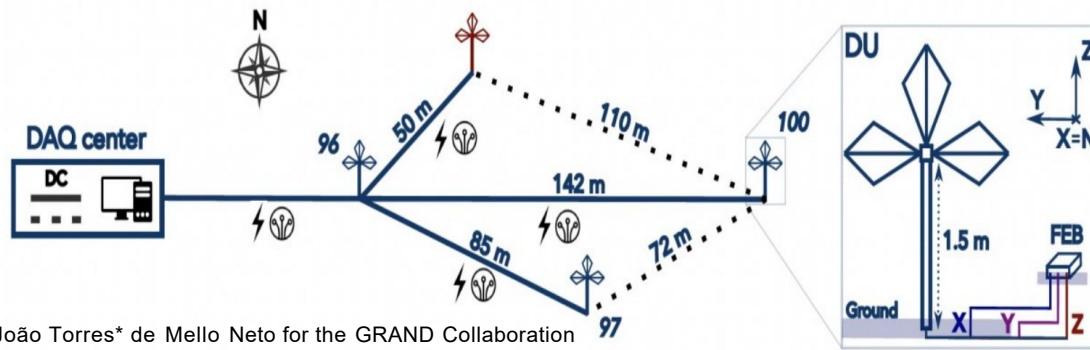
Commissioning phase

Deployment on 3 sites and first experimental data obtained!

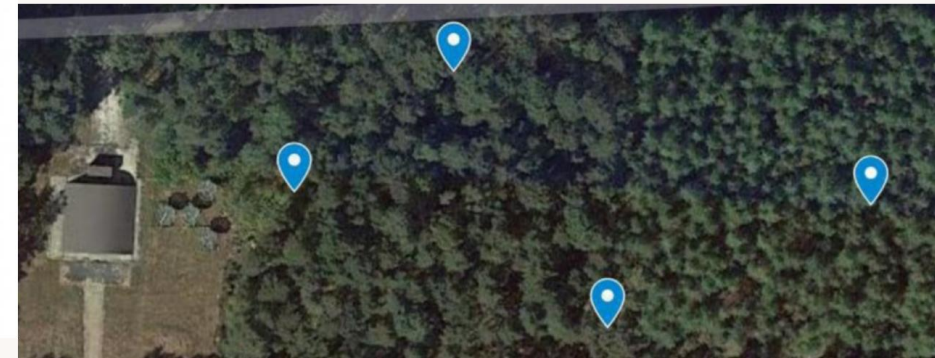
GRAND@Nançay



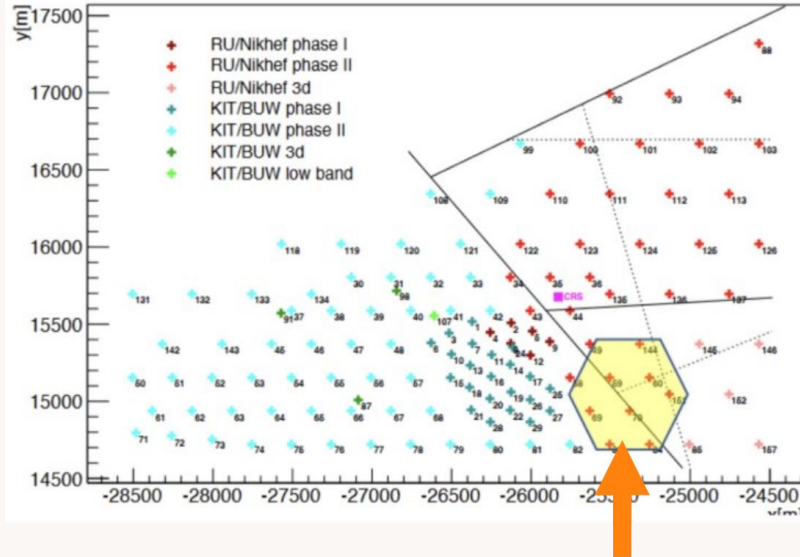
- Hosted at the Nançay Radio Observatory, France, 4 DUs have been deployed.
- Test bench for triggering and hardware
- Antennas were shipped from China and the rest of the equipment was funded by the ANR- DFG grant between Paris (LPNHE and IAP) and Karlsruhe (KIT)



João Torres* de Mello Neto for the GRAND Collaboration
PoS(ICRC2023)1050, ICRC2023 proceeding

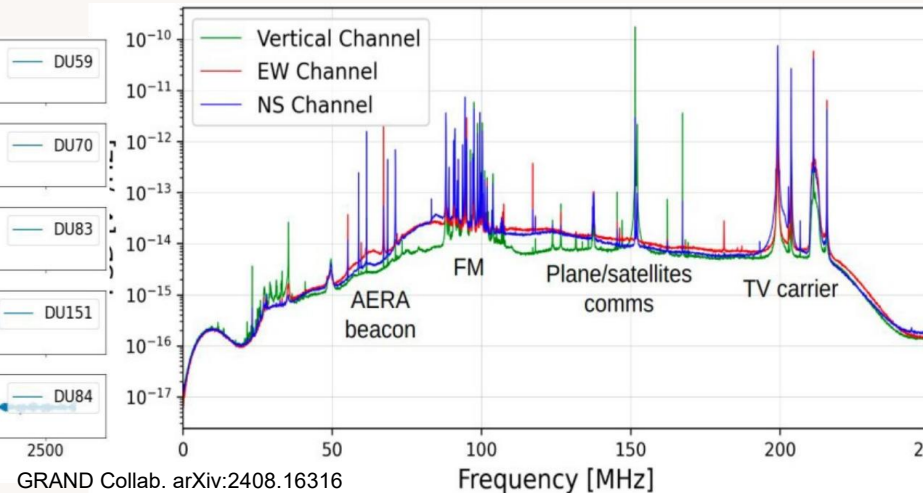
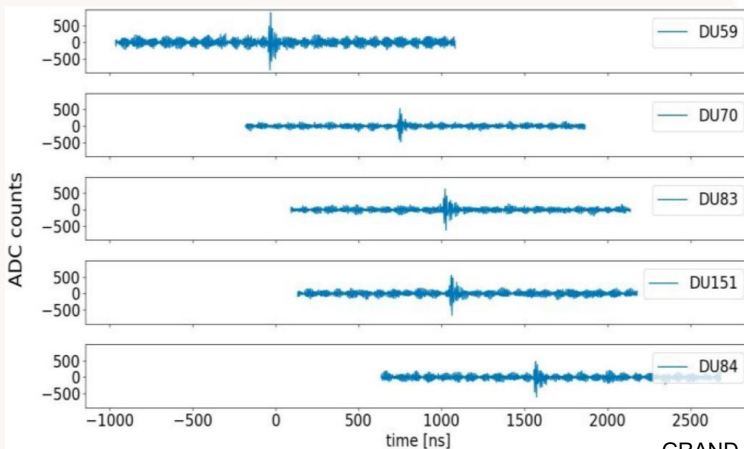


GRAND@Auger

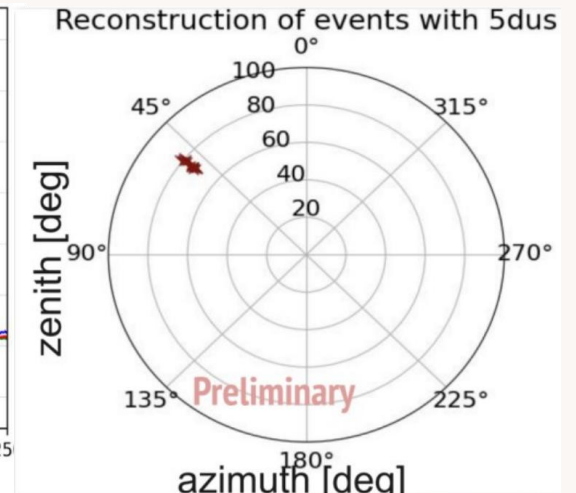


- 10 antennas deployed
- Auger mechanical structure + infrastructure
- Cross-calibration with Auger detectors
- Hardware tests, Firmware tests
- Online coincidence search at central DAQ (L3 triggering)
- ~ 1 event/day expected

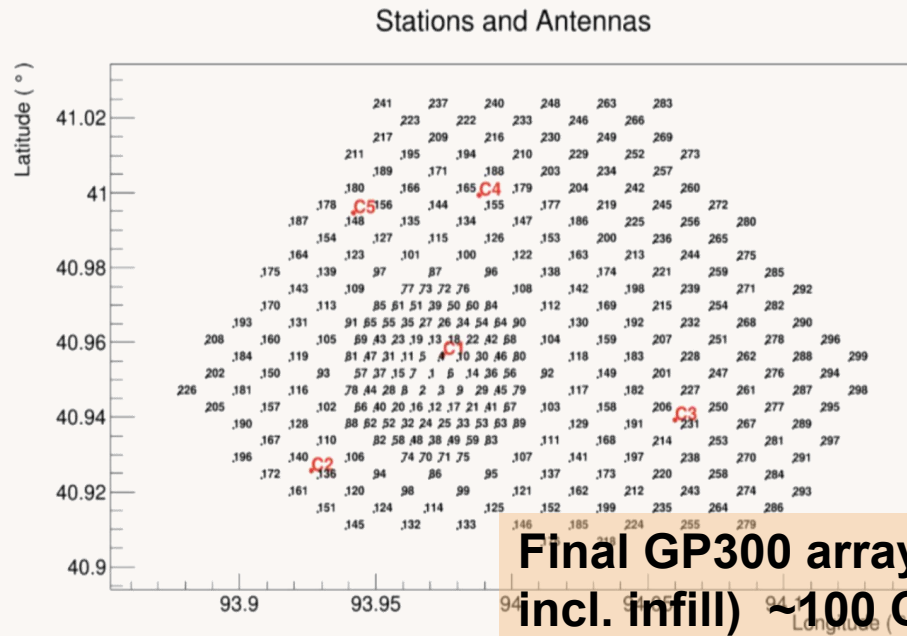
GRAND@Auger



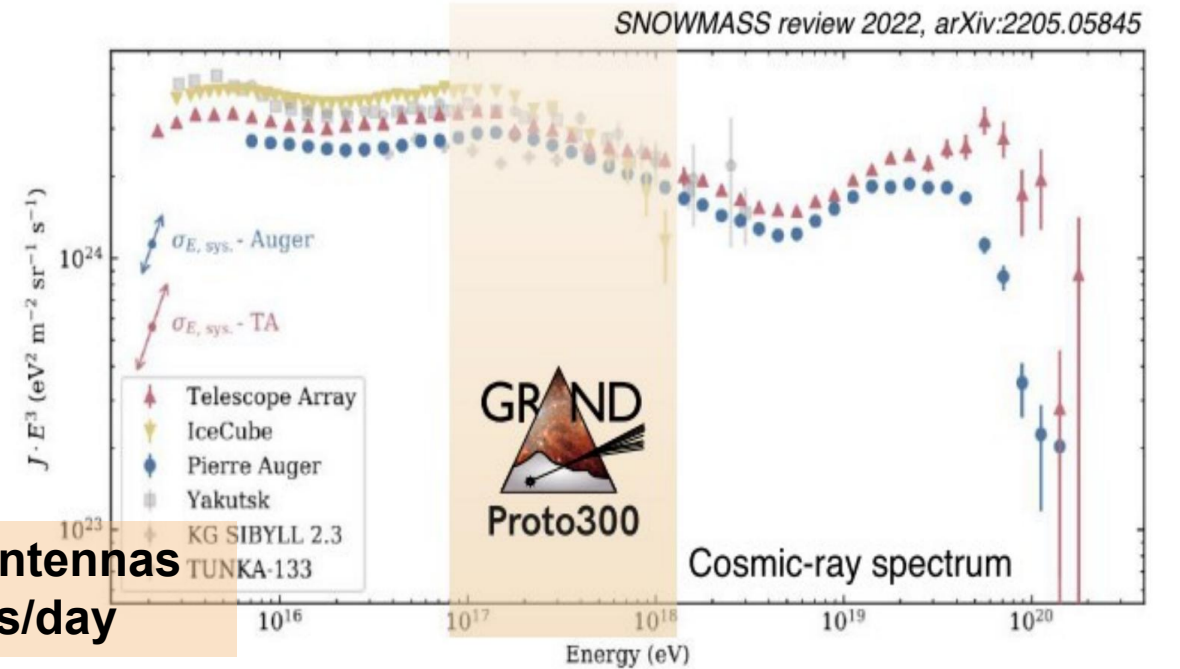
GRAND Collab. arXiv:2408.16316



GRANDProto300 (GP300)



Final GP300 array (~300 antennas incl. infill) ~100 CR events/day



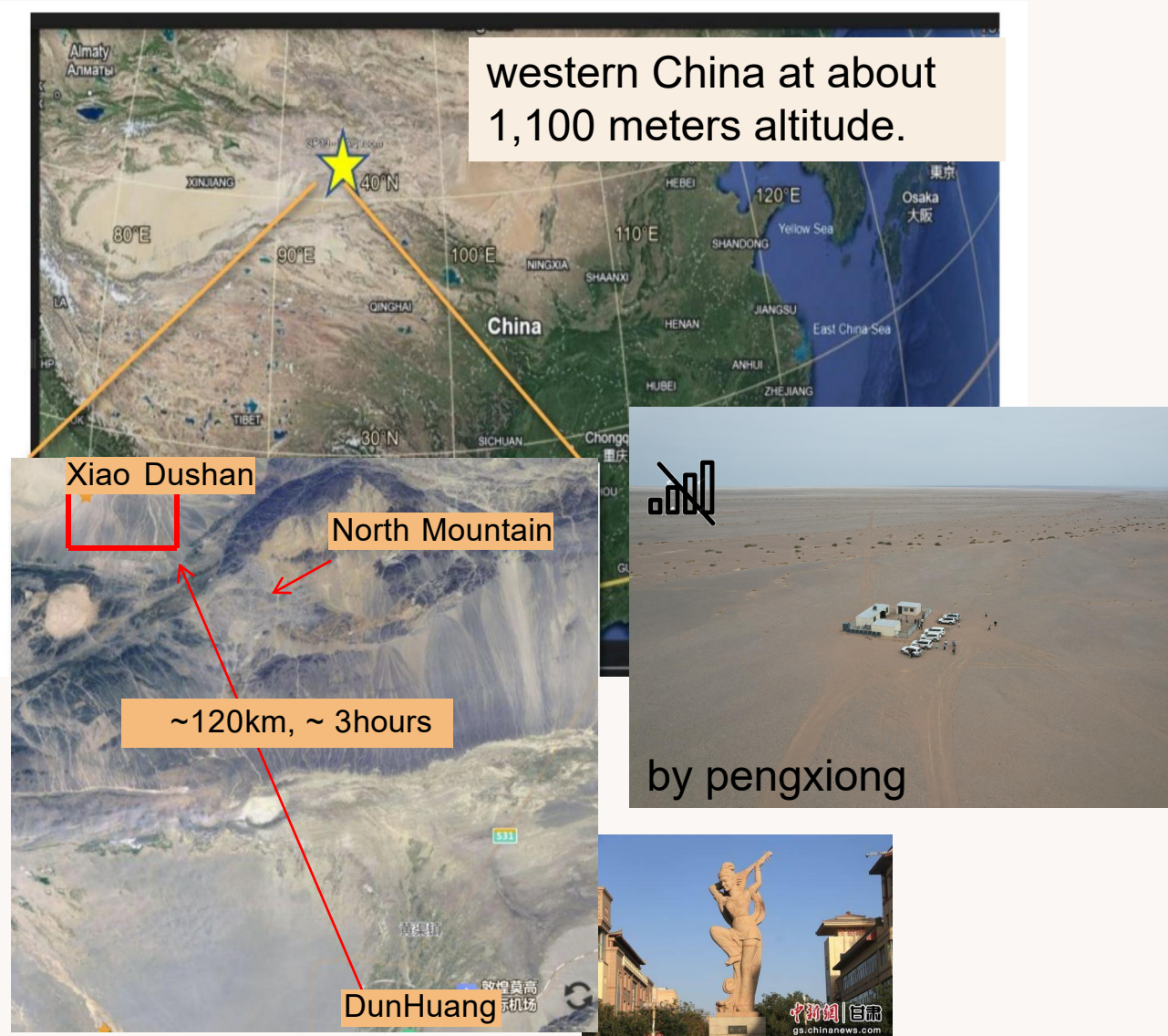
Aims to validate the GRAND as a **standalone** radio detection array

- **Realize the self-trigger techniques**; test bench for further GRAND stages
- **Algorithm** for angular, energy and mass composition reconstruction;
- Detection of very inclined cosmic rays with energies from 30 PeV to 1 EeV;
- **Study CRs in the galactic to extragalactic transition energy range.**

A 300-antenna pathfinder stage of GRAND

- **200 km² area;**

GP300 Location



敦煌市自然资源局文件

敦自然资发〔2024〕23号

敦煌市自然资源局 关于大型中微子射电观测站二期子阵项目用地 准予备案的通知

中国科学院紫金山天文台：

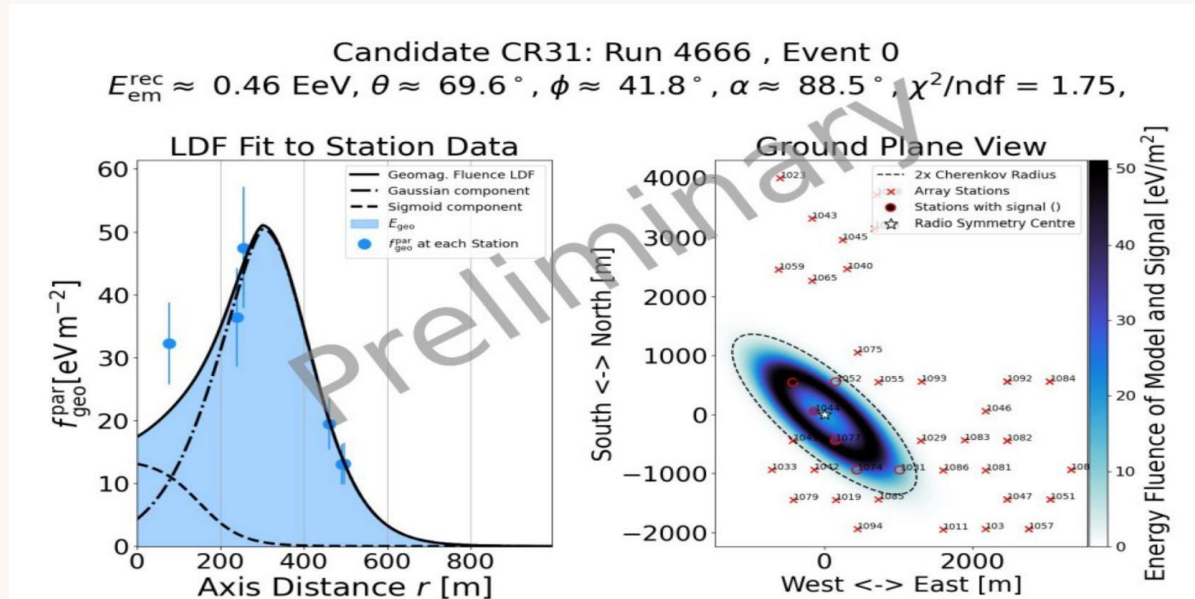
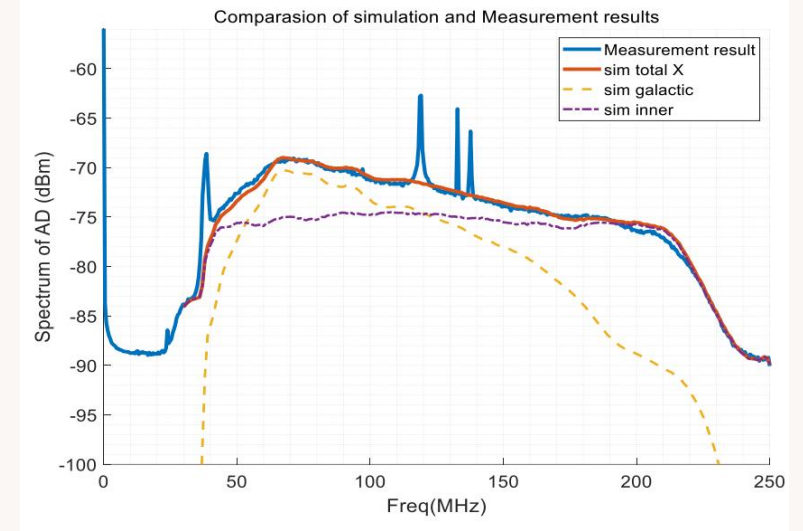
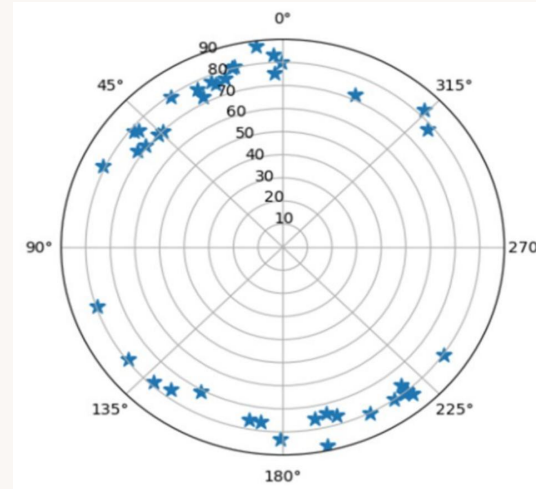
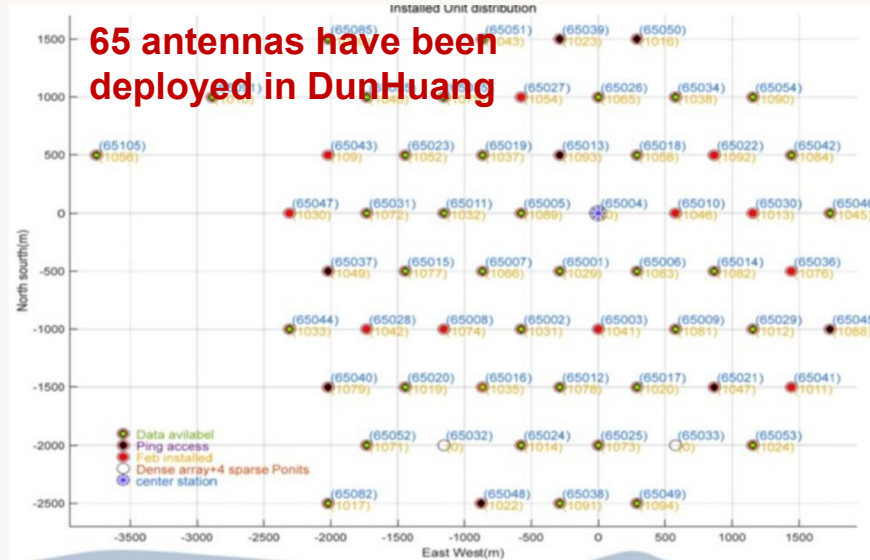
GP300, 10 years

参照原国土资源部、发展改革委等部委《关于支持新产业新业态发展促进大众创业万众创新用地的意见》（国土资规〔2015〕5号）相关规定，经上报市政府批准，现准予你单位以现状备案方式使用我市北山小独山区域2396平方米国有土地，用于大型中微子射电观测站二期子阵项目建设，**备案期限为10年**。你单位在用地期间不得压占、硬化土地，不得改变地表形态，须严格按照设计标准施工，坚决杜绝随意变动。你单位在使用备案土地过程中，不得影响区域内及周边正常通行，不得影响和干扰区域内及周边新能源项目建设、矿产资源勘查开采等活动，如遇以上情况

GP300 Construction



GP300 Science



Using the Autonomous Radio-detection technique, we have already identified ~40 CR candidates with successful reconstruction in the commissioning phase.

GP300 Animals



Summary



GRAND key features:

- ★ One of the largest UHE neutrino observatories: excellent sensitivity, large FoV, 0.1 degree angular resolution
- ★ Scalable design using radio antennas with autonomous triggering
- ★ Rich science case: radio astronomy; UHE cosmic rays; UHE neutrinos@EeV; UHE gamma rays

Prototype Stage:

- 🏆 Three Prototypes: GRAND@Nançay, GRAND@Auger, GRANDProto300
- 🏆 65 antennas were deployed at GP300
- 🏆 Radio astronomy and cosmic rays with GP300

))) Stay tuned

!!! Thank you!

